





# THE SHOEMAKERS HOLIDAY.

### A COMEDY

BY

# THOMAS DEKKER.

### REVISED AND EDITED

### WITH INTRODUCTION AND NOTES

ΒY

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### BURDACH

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# INTRODUCTION.



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THE earliest known edition of the Comedy of 'The Shoemakers' Holiday' was published in 40 with the title: 'The Shoemakers Holiday. Or the Gentle Craft. With the humorous life of Simon Eyre, shoomaker, and Lord Maior of London. As it was acted before the Queenes most excellent Maiestie on New-veares day at night last, by the right honourable the Earle of Notingham, Lord high Admirall of England, his seruants. Printed by Valentine Sims, dwelling at the foote of Adling hill, neere Bainards Castle, at the signe of the White Swanne, and are there to be sold. 1600.'> Two copies of this edition (A) are preserved in the British Museum, but only one of them is complete (161. b. 1), some leaves of the other being torn away (C. 34. c. 28). <sup>(1)</sup>Compared with other plays of the time, the Editio princeps of the Shoemakers' Holiday may be considered as rather a careful print." Few passages only offer a faulty construction or an expression, the meaning of which is deficient; throughout the play the versification is smooth and correct; prose may easily be distinguished from verse. I To all appearance the compositor worked after a good copy of the author's manuscript, and a careful corrector revised the proofs. It is, however, not probable that the author himself passed the play through the press; he would certainly not have failed to put his name, at least in initials, on the title-page, and to correct some of the graver mistakes which occur. #

The second edition of the play (B) was published in 1610. It bears the same title with the *Editio princeps*, only the imprint is different (At London. Printed by G. Eld for J. Wright, and are to be sold at his shop in New-gate-market, neere Christ-Church-gate. 1610). The copy collated by us is preserved in the British Muscum, press-mark 643. c. 47. <sup>a</sup> A number of mistakes being common to A and B, there can be no doubt that B was directly derived from  $A_i^{[i]}$  cp. II. 1. 26 a om., III. 1. 140 abroade for aboarde, III. 2. 2

eighteene f. eighteenth, ib. 4. I O Firke om., ib. 113 trust om., ib. 159 gentle f. gentlemen, ib. 5. Stage-dir. his Wife, Sibill in a French hood f. his Wife in a French hood, Sibill, IV. 3. 67 am I f. I am, ib. 4. 19 me f. we, ib. 5. 28. my f. your, and your f. my, V. 4. 54 leave f. learne etc. "B is, however, not a mere reprint of A, but a revised edition of the play. " Many misprints and wrong spellings in A are corrected in B; e. g. II. 3. 93 verstaw f. vestaw, III. I. 136 ye f. vo, IV. 1. 101 dead f. deede, ib. 5. 29 lies f. dies, ib. 71 them f. then, V. 2. 45 you f. yon, ib. 202 pastimes f. pasties, ib. 5. 23 Tamar f. Tama. Also the metre has sometimes been smoothed by the addition of some monosyllabic word, I. 1. 41 (sent, required by metre and sense), II. 5. 21 (that) III. 4. 60 (now). Corrections like these have been introduced into our critical text of the play; all other alterations, however, are of a more arbitrary character and must be rejected by us. Cp. I. 1. 193 come add. (lets disyllable), III. I. 3 almond f. almonds, V. 2. 204, 207 in om. etc. Neither have we thought fit to adopt spellings like I. 1. 204 there is f. theres, ib. 207 my f. mine, II. 3. 18 you will f. youle, V. 2. 204 come f. comes (after a plural) etc.

In 1618 a third edition of the Shoemakers' Holiday was published (At London, Printed for John Wright, and are to be sold at his shop at the Signe of the Bible, without New-gate. 1618). Two copies of this edition (C) have been accessible to us, the one preserved in the Bodleian Library (Malone, 226), the other contained in a miscellaneous volume, belonging to the Municipal Library of Dantzic (Comcediæ Anglicanæ XVII. F. 5. 9). Of the latter Professor Elze, Halle, had a careful transcript made, which he with his wonted liberality put at our disposal. [A glance at the readings of C shows that B was the basis of it. 7 Common mistakes occur I. 1. 197, 198 of f. in, and in f. of, II. 5. 10 (Stage-dir.) Horner f. Horns, IV. 2. 1 downe om. Cp., besides, IV. 5. 137 pasta f. passe, ib. pindy-pany f. pindy-pandy, V. 2. 190 door f. doores, V. 5. 73 then f. them, ib. 5. 174 this f. feasts, ib. 197 words f. sportes, ib. 198 we f. warres. On the other hand, C offers a number of readings differing from AB. But as most of them are either arbitrary or insignificant, we have fixed upon the reading of C only in those cases in which both A and B are in the wrong.

The alterations and mistakes of C passed directly into the fourth edition of the comedy (D), printed for the same publisher (Lon-

don, 1631; preserved in the British Museum, press-mark 643. c. 48). Cp. I. I. 33 me om., ib. 116 om., ib. 130 some words om., ib. 162 Midasse f. Midaffe, ib. 226 two twopences, to carry into France f. three twopences: two carry into France, II. I. 31 not om., III. I. 64 word f. words, III. 4. 125 goot f. groot, III. 5. 2 I om., IV. I. 88 not om. ib. 2. 12 Effres f. Jeffres, ib. 4. 45 father f. uncle etc. In two passages only D has corrected a mistake, overlooked in ABC, viz. II. 2. 11 baseness f. bareness and III. 1. 25 Overies f. Queries.

The last of the old quarto-editions was published in  $1657 \times \times$ (London. Printed for W. Gilbertson at the sign of the Bible in Giltspurstreet without Newgate). This edition (E) is a bad reprint of D; even the most glaring blunders have not been corrected; " cp. I. I. 145 a f. at, II. 3. 115 C eens, D oens, E ones, III. 1. 10 swannekiu, III. 4. 21 my f. any, ib. 29 il f. ic, IV. 5. 94 if f. it, ib. 148 Yet f. Yes; besides I. I. 24 to om., ib. 45 I om., II. 3. 50 unlandish f. uplandish, III. 1. 68 make f. made, III. 4. 69 the f. a, ib. 106 an f. and etc. (E, therefore, is of little or no value for the reestablishment  $\times$ of the text.) Only for completeness' sake let us add that II. 1. 46, 47 have been first divided, and that III. 4. 152 master (f. mistris) has been first introduced by the edition of 1657.

The old play was made accessible to modern readers by 'The Shoemaker's Holiday, or the Gentle Craft. Nach einem Drucke aus dem Jahre 1618 neu herausgegeben von Hermann Fritsche. Lehrer am Gymnasium zu Thorn. Thorn 1862.' Mr. Fritsche's edition is based on the copy of C which is preserved at the municipal library of Dantzic. The editor divided the play into fifteen scenes, and added the Dramatis Persona and numerous stage -directions; he modernised the spelling and regulated the division of the lines as well as the punctuation; lastly he corrected a number of mistakes, exhibited by C. He thus hit the original readings (AB) 11. 3. 126, III. 4. 129, IV. 4. 45, V. 4. 45. In other passages where the reading of all edd. seems to be corrupt, Mr. Fritsche's proposals deserve to be noted, cp. III. 2. 23 and particularly V. 5. 91. On the whole, however, Mr. Fritsche's edition does not satisfy a philological reader, and it is hardly to be regretted that it is now quite out of print.

Another modern edition of the play was published in Dekker's Dramatic Works, London, Pearson, 1873, vol. I, S. 1-79. The play is preceded by an Introductory Notice to the following effect:

There are three later editions of the Shoemakers' Holiday published in Dekker's lifetime, bearing date 1610, 1618, and 1631 respectively. The present text has been formed by a careful collation of these with the first edition. Some of the verbal differences are indicated in footnotes.' The text of the play, however, by no means answers the Introductory Notice. The basis of it is the edition of 1600; A has, it seems, merely been collated with D. But not only have the evident mistakes of A been corrected by means of D (I. 1. 177 not add., II. 1. 26 a add., II. 2. 11 baseness f. bareness, III. 1. 140 aboord f. abroad, III. 2. 2 eighteenth f. eighteen, III. 4. 1 O Firke add.), but a number of inferior readings of D have without any reason been substituted for those of A. ' Cp. First Three-men's-song 13 Forest f. Forests, I. 1. 142 on om., ib. 193 come add., II. 1. 60 and add., II. 2. 21 at f. in, II. 3, 62 Afore f. Fore, II. 5. 17 Zounds f. wounds, III. 3. 94 Lurk f. Lurch, III. 4. 46 time that I f. time I, IV. I. 50 do f. love, ib. 88 not om., IV. 2. 12 Effreys f. Jeffres, IV. 5. 42 as you are Lord Mayor f. as Gods in Heaven etc. The Varia Lectio is scanty in the highest degree, only seven readings being pointed out in it. On the other hand, we find in the text more than one mistake not to be met with in any of the old editions. Cp. I. 1. 230 flops f. slops, II. 5. 63 with f. to, III. 1. 7 de om., IV. 4. 30 sute f. dute, V. 1. 16 loaded f. loaden, V. 4. 59 I shall f. shall I. The same arbitrary method is seen in the spelling. For the most part the editor sticks to A; in several instances, however, he prefers D, and not unfrequently he substitutes some spelling of his own for that of the old edd. The punctuation, the surest criterion of a careful edition, has been quite neglected. Moreover, not even an attempt has been made to illustrate the contents of the play or to expound the meaning of obsolete words and obscure expressions. After all this, there can be no doubt that Mr. Pearson's edition cannot stand the test to which we are used to submit a good edition of an author either ancient or modern.

By an error easily to be accounted for, Barton Holiday (b. 1593) was formerly thought to have been the author of the Shoemakers' Holiday.<sup>1</sup>) From Henslowe's Diary, however, it appears that the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>) See Biographia Britannica, ed. Baker, Reade, Jones, London 1812, 111, p. 268 'This play has been attributed to Dr. Barton Holiday.' Vol. I, p. 180 'The Gentle Craft' is enumerated among the plays of Thomas Dekker.

play must be attributed to Thomas Dekker. The passage in question is:<sup>1</sup>) 'Lent unto Samewell Rowley and Thomas Dowton, the 15 of Julye, 1599, to bye a Boocke of Thomas Dickers, called the gentle Craft, the some of III s.'<sup>2</sup>) From this entry we learn that Thomas Dekker wrote our comedy in 1599, and that, therefore, the edition of 1600 is to be considered as the second Edition of the play. The Shoemakers' Holiday is the earliest of Dekker's comedies handed down to us; for though, according to Henslowe, Dekker commenced writing for the stage as early as 1596, yet no play anterior to ours seems to have been printed or preserved.

Besides Thomas Dekker, Robert Wilson the actor seems to have had a hand in the composition of the play. This hypothesis was first started in an interesting article, entitled 'The Players who acted in The Shoemakers Holiday 1600, a Comedy by Thomas Dekker and Robert Wilson.'3) As the question is rather an important one, it seems best to reproduce the article in extenso. 'My reason', the unknown writer says, 'for stating that Robert Wilson as well as Thomas Dekker was engaged upon "The Shoemakers Holiday" is that a friend of mine has a copy with the names of the two dramatists at the end of the preliminary address. The early owner of the copy, learning in some way that it had been written by Dekker and Wilson, wrote their names at the end of the above dedication if such it may be called. These names are not printed, but they have been added in manuscript moreover with the names of the actors against all the principal parts, as they were sustained when the comedy was first brought out. These are not made to precede the play in a regular list of the Dramatis Persona, but they are inserted in the margin as the piece proceeds, and as the different performers enter.' The names of the actors are given as follows: Jones (King of England), H. Jeffes (Nobleman), Shawe (Lord Mayor), Massy (Rowland Lacy), Dowton (Simon Eyre), Singer (Hodge), Wilson (Firke), Jewby (Rafe), Towne (Ham-

<sup>1)</sup> Cp. Pearson's edition of Dekker's Works, p. XII.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>) On the fly-leaf of his copy of the edition of 1618 Malone made the following statement: 'This play was written by Th. Dekker, and first appeared in June 1599. Hence it is that Dekker is introduced in Jonson's Poetaster under the name of Crispinus.'

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>) Papers of the Shakespeare Society, 1849, p. 110 seqq.

mond), Flower (Warner), Price (Scott), A. Jeffes (Askew), Jones (Dodger), Day (Lovell), Birde (Dame Eyre), H. Jeffes (Jane), Dowton's boy Ned (Rose), Alleine (Sibill). From Henslowe's Diary 1) we learn that these very same players were the leading actors of Nottingham's troop. 'There is nothing, however', our author continues, 'in Henslowe's Diary to establish that Wilson was an actor as well as an author: on p. 163 he is introduced as a partner with Drayton and Hathway in the composition of a play called 'Owen Tudor', and in two other places (p. 157, 178) he is stated to have been aided by the old manager with the loan of sums of money. Nevertheless, we know, on unquestionable evidence, that he was an actor of considerable standing, as well as an author; he was selected as one of the Queen's Players in 1583, on account of his 'quick, delicate, refined, extemporal wit', and Francis Meres celebrated him for the same qualities in 1598 . . . In this play (Shoemakers Holiday) we may presume that he contributed much of the broad fun; and we see that he acted the part of Firke, one of the merry jovial journeymen shoemakers of old Eyre, the hero. Therefore, although nothing is said by Henslowe to establish that Wilson was one of the actors in, as well as a writer for, his company, there can be no dispute as to the fact . . . Wilson had a very merry, rattling character in Firke, and we need entertain little doubt that he wrote it himself, and for himself, with abundant latitude for his extemporizing power.' It is much to be regretted that the writer of the article did not choose either to give his own or his friend's name. Notwithstanding, his whole reasoning is not unworthy of belief. The original owner of the book was evidently well acquainted both with our play and with the stage of his time; knowing the actors, he may also be supposed to have been exactly informed as to the authors of the play. It does not matter much to know whether and when Wilson was a member of Nottingham's troop: certain it is that he was an actor as well as an author.<sup>2</sup>) Thus it seems probable to us that part of the play, and particularly its comical scenes, were written by Robert Wilson. In England, the hypothesis as to Dekker's and

<sup>1)</sup> Page 172, 10 July 1600.

<sup>4)</sup> As for Wilson and his position in the dramatic literature of the Elizabethan era, see the essay on 'The three Lords and three Ladies of London' by Dr. Hans Fernow, Hamburg 1885.

Wilson's partnership seems to have been adopted. In an article on Mr. Fritsche's edition<sup>1</sup>) we read: 'On this side of the Channel we are aware that the piece was written by Thomas Dekker and Robert Wilson.'

The principal character of the play, Simon Eyre, is taken from history. In Stow's Survey of London, 1599, and in Maitland's History and Survey of London, 1756, we find the following statements. Simon (Sim, Simkin) Eyre (Eyer), from Brandon in Suffolk, an upholsterer and afterwards a draper, built Leadenhall in  $1419,^2$ ) became a sheriff of London in  $1434,^3$ ) was elected Lord Mayor in  $1445,^4$ ) and finally died in  $1459.^5$ ) About Sim Eyre's life before 1419 we have not been able to make out anything.<sup>6</sup>) It may

1) Athenæum, N. 1837, June 10, 1863.

<sup>2</sup>) Maitland, II. p. 187: 'A. D. 1419. This year Sir (?) Symon Eyre built Leadenhall, at his proper expence, as it now appears, and gave the same to the City to be employed as a publick Granary for laying up Corn against a time of Scarcity... In this Hall was afterwards kept the Common Beam for weighing of wool, and a publick market for many foreign Commodities..., but at present, it is converted into Warehouses, and the Area thereof unto a Meat and Leather market.' See, besides, Note ad V. 5. 134.

<sup>3</sup>) Stow, ed. William J. Thoms, London 1876, p. 192: 1434 Thomas Barnewell — Simon Eyre, Sheriffes; Maior, Sir Roger Oteley, Grocer, sonne to William Oteley, of Offord in Suffolke.

<sup>4</sup>) Stow, l. c.: 1445 Maior: Sir Simon Eyre, Draper, sonne to John Eyre, of Brandon in Suffolke.

<sup>5</sup>) Stow, p. 58: Within the said church [cp. ad V. 5. 134], on the north wall, was written, *Honorandus famosus mercator Simon Eyre huius operis* etc. In English thus: — "The honourable and famous merchant, Simon Eyre, founder of this work, once mayor of this city, citizen and draper of the same, departed out of this life, the 18th day of September, the year from the Incarnation of Christ 1459, and the 38th year of the reign of King Henry VI." He was buried in the parish church of St. Mary Woolnoth, in Lombard street.

\*) In the 'Curious Account of the Origin, Rise and Death of Sir Simon Eyre, Kt, Shoe-Maker, who successively filled the dignified Offices of Sheriff and Lord Mayor of London, and built Leadenhall. Carefully revised from the original Edition. Printed and published by A. Neil, 448 Strand' Eyre's life is related in the same manner as in the play; but there can be little doubt that the Curious Account is based on Dekker's comedy. This prose-tract seems to have been the source of a burlesque poem, entitled 'The Snob's Glory, or, The Blessings of Industry. Exemplified in a short History; gratefully addressed to the Cordwainers' Company, for their generous offer of the freedom thereof, to John, Earl of Rochester. Published by Willie Smith, Who lives in Auld Reekie, 1825.'

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well be that long after Eyre's death the builder of Leadenhall was supposed to have been a shoemaker himself, merely because Leadenhall was used as a leather-market. That tradition was rejected by the chronicler; but it was taken up by the poet, who formed out of it one of the most popular comedies of the age.

In the Shoemakers' Holiday, as in most plays of the Elizabethan stage, two or three stories are intertwined with each other. The author of the play has not succeeded in working those different threads into one solid and well-proportioned texture. The different elements are but loosely connected with each other; the relation of the secondary intrigues to the principal one is quite exterior. Neither has the poet tried to give any internal motives for the development of the plot or the characters of the play. Dekker was poor; like most of the contemporary playwrights, he was working for his daily bread. All his works bear the stamp of great hurry and precipitation. He had no time to fix the characters which he beheld with the clear eye of a poet, into the frame of a well-set and symmetrical plot. He therefore cannot claim a place among the first play-writers of the time. That, however, he was not destitute of poetical talent, is sufficiently testified by our play.

Most of the characters with which the reader becomes acquainted in the Shoemakers' Holiday, have with apparent faithfulness been drawn from nature. There can hardly be imagined a better representative of the London tradesmen in the time of good Queen Bess than the hero of our play, Sim Eyre. Such indeed were the manners and the speech of a gay London citizen, before the rude hand of puritanism put a stop to all mirth and merriment. A worthy counterpart of Sim Eyre is Maggy, his wife. Whether we see her at home scolding at her husband and his tippling journeymen, or as Mrs. Shrieve, quite beside herself with joy and intent only upon manifesting her new dignity by a French hood and a periwig, or lastly as Lady Maioress, warmly espousing the interest of poor Miss Rose - always she appears to us as the clever portrait of a tradesman's wife. Likewise the contrast between the three journeymen is well set forth. 'Melancholy' Hodge, funny Firke, honest Rafe, all these 'mad Cappadocians' are worthy inmates of Eyre's shop. With manifest predilection the character of Jane has been treated by the poet. Even externally,

by the use of verse, he indicates Jane to be different from, and superior to, all around her. The scenes where she takes leave from Rafe and gets the news of his pretended death, are among the best of the play, and must have made a deep impression on the public for which the play was intended. Quite misconceived, on the other hand, is the character of Jane's lover, Hammon: from the first to the last the part he plays is a very sad and contemptible one. Nor can we sympathize with Rose's sweetheart, Rowland Lacy. We hardly can think well of a man who so grossly neglects his duty, who so recklessly postpones the dearest interests of his country to a petty love-affair. And how unmanly and irresolute he is when fearing to be discovered by his uncle and the Lord Mayor! How slow and anxious to take the last decisive step! No, to be sure, 'pretty Rose' would have deserved to get a more steadfast and right-minded husband. Rose herself is a most charming figure. Blooming in youth and beauty, quick-witted and judicious, truly attached to the man of her choice, she even now captivates the heart of the reader. Finally, it may be added that the poet has very skilfully contrasted Lincolne, the haughty nobleman, and Oteley, the proud citizen, whose stubbornness cannot be broken but by the command of the king himself.

Well acquainted with the taste of his contemporaries, the poet thought it necessary to season the play by some 'merry three -men's-songs' and a morris-dance, and above all by burlesque or sometimes even obscene language. The indecent expressions of Firke, the equivocal discourses of Sibil, and the comical dialect of Hans must have added in a large measure to the popularity of the play.

As to the Dutch dialect spoken by Hans, it would be of no use to localize it. There seems to be no doubt that the poet did not attempt to avail himself of any particular dialect; the effect which he intended, was much easier to be attained by a few quaint words and expressions which it was not difficult to gather from the mouths of Low-German shippers and tradesmen in London.<sup>1</sup>)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>) The play-going public of Queen Elizabeth's time liked very much to hear from the stage either English dialects or foreign idioms mixed up

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The Shoemakers' Holiday may be considered as the type of the lower comedy as it was in vogue towards the end of the reign of Queen Elizabeth. It offers to the antiquarian a curious insight into the manners as well as the language of the London tradespeople of the age. For these reasons it seemed well worth while to draw the attention of friends of the Elizabethan drama to the old play, which certainly does not deserve the oblivion in which it has been buried for nearly three centuries.

with scraps of their mother-tongue. The greatest favourite was 'Dutch Hance', a type that recurs in several plays of the time. There is 'Hance' in 'Like will to Like', there are the two personages of the same name in Webster's Northward Ho!', and 'Westward Ho!'; there is the 'Dutch Boy' and his Master in Middleton's 'No Wit, no Help like a Woman's'; and, finally, we may mention the 'Dutch princess Hedewick' in Chapman's 'Alphonsus'. For further particulars the reader is referred to Emil Panning's essay on 'Dialektisches Englisch in Elisabethanischen Dramen' (Halle, 1884), p. 2 seqq.

### CORRECTIONS.

I. 1. 132 (note) read CDE for CD. III. 5. 27, 28 (note) read prose for pross.

XIV

# THE SHOEMAKERS' HOLIDAY;

OR

# THE GENTLE CRAFT.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.\*)

LOVELL, a Courtier. THE KING. DODGER, Servant to the Earl of THE EARL OF CORNWALL. SIR HUGH LACY, Earl of Lincoln. Lincoln. A DUTCH SKIPPER. ROWLAND LACY his nepheres. A Boy. ASKEW SIR ROGER OATELEY, Lord Mayor of London. ROSE, Daughter to Sir Roger. MR. HAMMON SIBIL, her Maid. Citizens of London. MR. WARNER MARGERY, Wife to Simon Eyre. MR. SCOTT IANE, Wife to Rafe. SIMON EYRE, the Shoemaker. ROGER. Eyre's Iourneymen. Firk RAFE

Courtiers, Attendants, Officers, Soldiers, Hunters, Shoemakers, Apprentices, Servants.

The Scene is at LONDON and at OLDFORD.

\*) A DRAMATIS PERSONÆ was first added by Fritsche.

### TO ALL GOOD FELLOWES, PROFESSORS OF THE GENTLE CRAFT, OF WHAT DEGREE SOEUER.

1 . . . .

Kinde Gentlemen and honest boone Companions, I present you here with a merrie-conceited Comedie, called the Shoomakers Holyday, acted by my Lorde Admiralls Players this present Christmasse before the Queenes most excellent Maiestie, for the mirth and pleasant matter by her Highnesse graciously -5 accepted, being indeede no way offensiue. The Argument of the play I will set downe in this Epistle: Sir Hugh Lacie, Earle of Lincolne, had a yong Gentleman of his owne name, his nere kinsman, that loued the Lorde Maiors daughter of London; to preuent and crosse which loue, the Earle caused 10 his kinsman to be sent Coronell of a companie into France: who resigned his place to another gentleman his friend, and came disguised like a Dutch Shoomaker to the house of Symon Eyre in Towerstreete, who serued the Maior and his houshold with shooes: the merriments that passed in Eyres house, his 15 comming to be Maior of London, Lacies getting his loue, and other accidents, with two merry Three-mens-songs. Take all in good worth that is well intended, for nothing is purposed but mirth; mirth lengthneth long life, which, with all other blessings, I heartily wish you. Farewell! 20

3. by my Lord Admirals Players on a Cristmasse time B, at a Cristmasse time CDE. — 4. Maiestie. For Qq. — 11. Colonell E. — 15. shooes. The Qq. — 17. with two merry Three-mens-songs omitted in E, where also the two songs have dropped out.

1\*

## THE FIRST THREE-MANS SONG.

O the month of Maie, the merrie month of Maie, So frolicke, so gay, and so greene, so greene! O, and then did I unto my true loue say: 'Sweete Peg, thou shalt be my Summers Queene!

5 Now the Nightingale, the prettie Nightingale, The sweetest singer in all the Forrests quier, Intreates thee, sweete Peggie, to heare thy true loues tale; Loe, yonder she sitteth, her breast against a brier.

But O, I spie the Cuckoo, the Cuckoo, the Cuckoo; See where she sitteth: come away, my ioy; Come away, I prithee: I do not like, the Cuckoo Should sing where my Peggie and I kisse and toy.'

O the month of Maie, the merrie month of Maie, So frolike, so gay, and so greene, so greene, so greene! 15 And then did I unto my true loue say: 'Sweete Peg, thou shalt be my Summers Queene!'

### THE SECOND THREE-MANS SONG.

This is to be sung at the latter end.

Cold's the wind, and wet's the raine, Saint Hugh be our good speede:

Ill is the weather that bringeth no gaine, Nor helpes good hearts in neede.

6. Forest D.

 Trowle the boll, the iolly Nut-browne boll,
 5

 And here, kind mate, to thee:
 5

 Let's sing a dirge for Saint Hughes soule,
 6

 And downe it merrily.
 6

Downe a downe, hey downe a downe, *(Close with the tener boy)* Hey derie derie, down a down! 10 Ho, well done; to me let come! Ring, compasse gentle ioy.

Trowle the boll, the Nut-browne boll,
And here, kind etc. [as often as there be men to drinke. [At last when all have drunke, this verse:
Cold's the wind, and wet's the raine,
Saint Hugh be our good speede:
Ill is the weather that bringeth no gaine,
Nor helpes good hearts in neede.

5. bowle D. - 13. bowle D.

-5

### THE PROLOGUE

# AS IT WAS PRONOUNCED BEFORE THE QUEENES MAIESTIE.

As wretches in a storme (expecting day), With trembling hands and eyes cast up to heauen, Make prayers the anchor of their conquerd hopes, So we, deere goddesse, wonder of all eyes,

- Your meanest vassals, through mistrust and feare
  To sincke into the bottome of disgrace
  By our imperfit pastimes, prostrate thus
  On bended knees, our sailes of hope do strike,
  Dreading the bitter stormes of your dislike.
- 10 Since then, unhappy men, our hap is such, That to our selves our selves no help can bring, But needes must perish, if your saint-like eares (Locking the temple where all mercy sits) Refuse the tribute of our begging tongues:
- 15 Oh graunt, bright mirror of true chastitie, From those life-breathing starres, your sun-like eyes, One gratious smile: for your celestiall breath Must send vs life, or sentence us to death.

PROLOGUE. 7. imperfect BCDE. - 14. tongues. Qq.

# A PLEASANT COMEDIE OF THE GENTLE CRAFT. A C T I.

### SCENE I.

Enter LORD MAIOR, LINCOLNE.

Lincolne. My Lord Maior, you have sundrie times	
Feasted my selfe and many courtiers more:	
Seldome or neuer can we be so kind	
To make requitall of your courtesie.	
But leauing this, I heare my cosen Lacie	5
Is much affected to your daughter Rose.	
L. Maior. True, my good Lord, and she loues him so wel	
That I mislike her boldnesse in the chace.	
Lincolne. Why, my Lord Maior, think you it then a shame,	
To ioine a Lacie with an Otleys name?	10
L. Maior. Too meane is my poore girle for his high birth;	
Poore cittizens must not with courtiers wed,	
Who will in silkes and gay apparrell spend	
More in one yeare then I am worth, by farre:	
Therefore your honour neede not doubt my girle.	15
Lincolne. Take heede, my Lord, aduise you what you do!	
A verier unthrift liues not in the world,	
Then is my cosen; for lle tel you what:	
Tis now almost a yeare since he requested	
To trauell countries for experience;	20
I furnisht him with coyne, billes of exchange,	
Letters of credite, men to waite on him,	
Solicited my friends in Italie	
Well to respect him. But to see the end:	

ACT I. SCENE I. [Scene I. London. A street:] Fr. - 10. Oteley's E. - 13. silks and apparel E. - 18. I tell DE. - 22. waight C. - 24. but see DE.

- 25 Scant had he iornied through halfe Germanie, But all his coyne was spent, his men cast off, His billes imbezeld, and my iolly coze, Asham'd to shew his bankerupt presence here, Became a shoomaker in Wittenberg,
- 30 A goodly science for a gentleman Of such discent! Now iudge the rest by this: Suppose your daughter haue a thousand pound, He did consume me more in one halfe yeare; And make him heyre to all the wealth you haue,
- 35 One tweluemoneth's rioting wil waste it all. Then seeke, my Lord, some honest cittizen To wed your daughter to.

L. Maior. I thanke your Lordship. (Aside) Wel, foxe, I vnderstand your subtiltie. As for your nephew, let your lordships eie

- 40 But watch his actions, and you neede not feare, For I haue sent my daughter farre enough. And yet your cosen Rowland might do well, Now he hath learn'd an occupation; And yet I scorne to call him sonne in law.
- 45 Lincolne. I, but I have a better trade for him:
  I thanke his grace, he hath appointed him
  Chiefe colonell of all those companies
  Mustred in London and the shires about,
  To serve his highnesse in those warres of France.
  50 See where he comes! —

Enter LOUELL, LACIE, and ASKEW.

Louel, what newes with you? Louell. My Lord of Lincolne, tis his highnesse will, That presently your cosen ship for France With all his powers; he would not for a million, But they should land at Deepe within foure daies.

55 Lincolne. Goe certifie his grace, it shall be done. [ExitLOUELL.

27. inbezeled E. — 29. Wittemberge CDE. — 33. consume more CDE. — 38. (Aside) om. in Qq. — 39. Mordship's E. — 41. sent om. A. — 45. I but] But DE. — 46. appointed E. — 50. The stage-direction after you? in Qq. — 55. [Exit Lowell] om. BCDE.

[I, I.

Now, cosen Lacie, in what forwardnesse Are all your companies? Lacie. All wel prepar'd. The men of Hartfordshire lie at Mile-end, Suffolke and Essex traine in Tuttle-fields, The Londoners and those of Middlesex, 60 All gallantly prepar'd in Finsbury, With frolike spirits long for their parting hower. L. Major. They have their imprest, coates, and furniture; And, if it please your cosen Lacie come To the Guild Hall, he shall receive his pay; 65 And twentie pounds besides my brethren Will freely give him, to approve our loues We beare unto my Lord, your uncle here. Lacie. I thanke your honour. Thankes, my good Lord Maior. Lincolne. L. Maior. At the Guild Hal we will expect your comming. 70 Exit. Lincolne. To approve your loues to me? No subtiltie! Nephew, that twentie pound he doth bestow For ioy to rid you from his daughter Rose. But, cosens both, now here are none but friends, I would not haue you cast an amorous eie 75 Upon so meane a project as the loue Of a gay, wanton, painted cittizen. I know, this churle euen in the height of scorne Doth hate the mixture of his bloud with thine. I pray thee, do thou so! Remember, coze, 80 What honourable fortunes wayt on thee: Increase the kings loue, which so brightly shines, And gilds thy hopes. I have no heire but thee, --And yet not thee, if with a wayward spirit Thou start from the true byas of my loue. 85 Lacie, My Lord, I will for honor, not desire

Of land or liuings, or to be your heire,

56. for wardnesse C. -58, lie] are CDE. -63, heve E. -66. brethren, used as a trisyllable. -71. appove B. -72. he] the B. -77. wanted-painton B. -82. Intreate CDE. -87. lands CDE.

So guide my actions in pursuit of France, As shall adde glorie to the Lacies name. 90 Lincolne. Coze, for those words heres thirtie Portugues, And, Nephew Askew, there's a few for you. Faire Honour, in her loftiest eminence, Staies in France for you, till you fetch her thence. Then, nephewes, clap swift wings on your dissignes: 95 Be gone, be gone, make haste to the Guild Hall; There presently Ile meet you. Do not stay: Where honour beckons, shame attends delay. Exit. Askew. How gladly would your vncle haue you gone! Lacie. True, coze, but Ile ore-reach his policies. 100 I have some serious businesse for three dayes, Which nothing but my presence can dispatch. You, therefore, cosen, with the companies Shall haste to Douer; there Ile meete with you: Or, if I stay past my prefixed time, 105 Away for France; weele meete in Normandie. The twentie pounds my Lord Maior giues to me You shall receive, and these ten portugues, Part of mine vncles thirtie. Gentle coze, Haue care to our great charge; I know, your wisedome 110 Hath tride it selfe in higher consequence. Askew. Coze, al my selfe am yours: yet haue this care, To lodge in London with all secrecie; Our vncle Lincolne hath, besides his owne, Many a lealous ele, that in your face 115 Stares onely to watch meanes for your disgrace. Lacie. Stay, cosen, who be these?

# Enter SYMON EYRE, his Wife, HODGE, FIRK, IANE, and RAFE with a peece.

*Eyre.* Leaue whining, leaue whining! Away with this whimpring, this pewling, these blubbring teares, and these wet

88. pursnit E. — 94. nephew CDE. — 97. beckons] become Qq. Corrected by Malone in A and C. — 99. pollicies C. — 116. Om. in CDE. — 116. Stagedirection. Hodg E. — 118. puling CDE. eies! He get thy husband discharg'd, I warrant thee, sweete Iane; go to!

Hodge. Master, here be the captaines.

Erre. Peace, Hodge; husht, ye knave, husht!

Firke. Here be the caualiers and the coronels, maister.

*Eyre.* Peace, Firke; peace, my fine Firke! Stand by with your pishery-pasheric, away! I am a man of the best presence; 125 lle speake to them, and they were Popes. — Gentlemen, captaines, colonels, commanders! Braue men, braue leaders, may it please you to giue me audience. I am Simon Eyre, the mad Shoomaker of Towerstrecte; this wench with the mealy mouth that wil neuer tire, is my wife, I can tel you; heres 130 Hodge, my man and my foreman; heres Firke, my fine firking iourneyman, and this is blubbered Iane. Al we come to be suters for this honest Rafe. Keepe him at home, and as I am a true shoomaker and a gentleman of the Gentle Craft, buy spurs your self, and Ile find ye bootes these seuen yeeres. 135

Wife. Seuen yeares, husband?

Eyre. Peace, Midriffe, peace! I know what I do. Peace!

Firke. Truly, master cormorant, you shal do God good scruice to let Rafe and his wife stay together. Shees a young new-married woman; if you take her husband away from her 140 a night, you undoo her; she may beg in the day-time; for hees as good a workman at a pricke and an awle, as any is in our trade.

Iane. O let him stay, else I shal be undone.

*Firke.* I, truly, she shal be laid at one side like a paire of 145 old shooes else, and be occupied for no use.

*Lacie.* Truly, my friends, it lies not in my power: -The Londoners are prest, paide, and set forth By the Lord Maior; I cannot change a man.

*Hodge.* Why, then you were as good be a corporall as a 150 colonel, if you cannot discharge one good fellow; and I tell you true, I thinke you doe more then you can answere, to presse a man within a yeare and a day of his mariage.

121. Maister C. — 122. you CDE. — 123. and] add B; Master DE. — 126. and] an DE. — 130. that wil neuer tire om. CDE. — 132. is] his CD. – 135. ye] you CDE. — 138. maister C. — 142. an om. DE. — 145. a one DE. — 150. Hoge B.

I, I.]

*Eyre.* Well said, melancholy Hodge; gramercy, my fine 155 foreman.

Wife. Truly, gentlemen, it were il done for such as you, to stand so stiffely against a poore yong wife, considering her case, she is new-married, but let that passe: I pray, deale not roughly with her; her husband is a yong man, and but 160 newly entred, but let that passe.

*Eyre.* Away with your pisherie-pasherie, your pols and your edipolls! Peace, Midaffe; silence, Cisly Bumtrincket! Let your head speake.

Firke. Yea, and the hornes too, master.

- 165 Eyre. Too soone, my fine Firk, too soone! Peace, scoundrels! See you this man? Captaines, you will not release him? Wel, let him go; hee's a proper shot; let him vanish! Peace, Iane, drie up thy teares, theile make his powder dankish. Take him, braue men; Hector of Troy was an hackney to
- 170 him, Hercules and Termagant scoundrelles, Prince Arthurs Round-table — by the Lord of Ludgate — nere fed such a tall, such a dapper swordman; by the life of Pharo, a braue, resolute swordman! Peace, Iane! I say no more, mad knaues.
- 175 Firk. See, see, Hodge, how my maister raues in commendation of Rafe!

Hodge. Raph, thart a gull, by this hand, and thou goest not.

Askew. I am glad, good master Ayre, it is my hap

To meete so resolute a souldiour.

180 Trust me, for your report and loue to him,

A common slight regard shall not respect him. Lacie. Is thy name Raph? Raph. Yes, sir. Lacie. Give me thy hand; Thou shalt not want, as I am a gentleman. Woman, be patient; God, no doubt, wil send

154. gramarcy CD. — 156. Gntlemen C, Gentleman E. — 158. newly DE. — 162. edipols CDE; Alidasse CDE. — 167. he is CDE. — 169. a hackney DE. — 172. Pharoah C, Pharoh DE. — 175. master D; commendations C. — 177. thou'rt DE; and] an D, om. E; not om. ABC. — 178. maister C.

I, I.]

Thy husband safe againe; but he must go, 185 His countries quarrel sayes: it shall be so.

*Hodge*. That a gull, by my stirrop, if thou doest not goe. I will not have thee strike thy gimblet into these weake vessels; pricke thine enemies, Rafe.

### Enter DODGER.

Dodger. My Lord, your vncle on the Tower-hill Stayes with the Lord Mayor and the Aldermen, And doth request you with all speede you may, To hasten thither.

Askew. Cosin, lets go.

Lacy. Dodger, runne you before, tel them we come. --This Dodger is mine vncles parasite, Exit Dodger. 195 The arrantst varlet that e're breathd on earth; 4Ie sets more discord in a noble house > By one daies broching of his pickethanke tales, Than can be salu'd againe in twentie yeares, And he, I feare, shall go with vs to France, 200 To prie into our actions. Therefore, coze, Askew. It shall behooue you to be circumspect. Lacy. Feare not, good cosen. - Raph, hie to your colours. Raph. I must, because theres no remedie; But, gentle maister and my louing dame, 205 As you have alwaies beene a friend to me, So in mine absence thinke upon my wife. lane. Alas, my Raph. Wife. She cannot speake for weeping. Eyre. Peace, you crackt groates, you mustard tokens, dis- 210

quiet not the braue souldier. Goe thy waies, Raph!

*Iane.* I, I, you bid him go; what shal I do, When he is gone?

186. it must CDE. - 187. Thou'rt DE. - 188. gimlet CDE. -191. Slayey E. - 193. lets = let us; Cousin, come, lets go B, Cousin, come, let us go CDE. - 195. my DE. - 196. arrants B, arranst DE. - 197. in] of BC. - 198. broaching DE; of] in BCDE; pick-hanke E. - 204. there is BCDE. - 205. master D. - 207. mine] my BCDE. - 212-213. One line in Qq.

*Firk.* Why, be doing with me or my fellow Hodge; be 215 not idle.

*Eyre.* Let me see thy hand, Iane. This fine hand, this white hand, these prettie fingers must spin, must card, must worke; worke, you bombast-cotten-candle-queane, worke for your living, with a pox to you. — Hold thee, Raph,

- 220 heres fiue sixpences for thee; fight for the honour of the Gentle Craft, for the Gentlemen Shoomakers, the couragious Cordwainers, the flower of S. Martins, the mad knaues of Bedlem, Fleetstreete, Towerstreete and Whitechappell; cracke me the crownes of the French knaues; a poxe on them, cracke 225 them; fight, by the Lord of Ludgate; fight, my fine boy!
- *Firke.* Here, Rafe, heres' three twopences: two carry into France, the third shal wash our soules at parting, for sorrow is drie. For my sake, firke the *Basa mon cues.*

*Hodge.* Raph, I am heavy at parting; but heres a shilling 230 for thee. God send thee to cramme thy slops with French crownes, and thy enemies bellies with bullets.

Raph. I thanke you, maister, and I thanke you all. Now, gentle wife, my louing louely Iane,  $\cdot$ Rich men, at parting, giue their wives rich gifts,

- 235 Iewels and rings, to grace their lillie hands.
  Thou know'st our trade makes rings for womens heeles:
  Here take this paire of shooes, cut out by Hodge,
  Sticht by my fellow Firke, seam'd by my selfe,
  Made up and pinckt with letters for thy name.
- 240 Weare them, my deere Iane, for thy husbands sake; And euerie morning, when thou pull'st them on, Remember me, and pray for my returne. Make much of them; for I haue made them so, That I can know them from a thousand mo.

Sound drumme. Enter LORD MAIOR, LINCOLNE, LACY, ASKEW, DODGER, and souldiers. They passe over the stage; RAFE falles in amongest them; FIRKE and the rest cry farewel etc., and so execut.

<sup>218.</sup> bumbast CDE; bombast cotten-candle-queane ABC. — 223. Bedlam E. — 226. two twopences, to carry CDE. — 228. fike B. — 232. ye master DE. — 233. louing om. E.

## ACT II.

### SCENE I.

### Enter Rose, alone, making a Garland.

Rose. Here sit thou downe upon this flowry banke, And make a garland for thy Lacies head. These pinkes, these roses, and these violets, These blushing gilliflowers, these marigoldes, The faire embrodery of his coronet, 5 Carry not halfe such beauty in their cheekes, As the sweete countnaunce of my Lacy doth. O my most unkinde father! O my starres, Why lowrde you so at my nativity, To make me loue, yet liue, robd of my loue? 10 Here as a theefe am I imprisoned For my deere Lacies sake within those walles, Which by my fathers cost were builded up For better purposes; here must I languish For him that doth as much lament, I know, 15 Mine absence, as for him I pine in woe.

### Enter SIBIL.

Sibil. Good morrow, yong Mistris. I am sure you make that garland for me; against I shall be Lady of the Haruest.

Rose. Sibil, what news at London?

*Sibil.* None but good; my Lord Mayor, your father, and 20 maister Philpot, your uncle, and maister Scot, your coosin, and mistris Frigbottom by Doctors Commons, doe all, by my troth, send you most hearty commendations.

Rose. Did Lacy send kind greetings to his loue?

*Sibil.* O yes, out of cry, by my troth. I scant knew him; 25 here a wore a scarffe, and here a scarfe, here a bunch of fethers, and here pretious stones and iewells, and a paire of garters, — O, monstrous! like one of our yellow silke curtains

ACT II. SCENE I. [Scene 2. Oldford. A garden.] Fr. — 5, embroydery C. — 21, master D. — 22, Doctor C. — 26, wore scarffe AB; scarf CDE. at home here in Old-ford house, here in maister Belly-mounts

- 30 chamber. I stoode at our doore in Cornehill, lookt at him, he at me indeed, spake to him, but he not to me, not a word; mary gup, thought I, with a wanion! He passt by me as prowde -- Mary foh! are you growne humorous, thought I; and so shut the doore, and in I came.
- 35 Rose. O Sibill, how dost thou my Lacy wrong! My Rowland is as gentle as a lambe, No doue was euer halfe so milde as he.

Sibil. Milde? yea, as a bushel of stampt crabs. He lookt upon me as sowre as veriuice. Goe thy wayes, thought 1;
thou maist be much in my gaskins, but nothing in my neather-stockes. This is your fault, mistris, to loue him that loues not you; he thinkes scorne to do as he's done to; but if 1 were as you, Ide cry: go by, Ieronimo, go by!

Ide set mine olde debts against my new driblets, And the hares foot against the goose giblets,

For if euer I sigh, when sleepe I shoulde take, Pray God, I may loose my mayden-head when I wake.

Rose. Will my loue leaue me then, and go to France?

Sibil. I knowe not that, but I am sure I see him stalke 50 before the souldiers. By my troth, he is a propper man; but he is proper that proper doth. Let him goe snicke-up yong mistris.

 $R_{ose}$ . Get thee to London, and learne perfectly, Whether my Lacy go to France, or no.

55 Do this, and I wil give thee for thy paines My cambricke apron and my romish gloues, My purple stockings and a stomacher. Say, wilt thou do this, Sibil, for my sake?

Sibil. Wil I, quoth a? At whose suit? By my troth, yes60 lle go. A cambricke apron, gloues, a paire of purple stockings, and a stomacher! lle sweat in purple, mistris, for you; ile take any thing that comes a Gods name. O rich! a cambricke

29. master D. — 31. speak E; he to me CDE. — 32. gip CDE. — 37. euer om. E. — 38. stamgt E. — 44—45. Printed as prose in Qq. — 44. my olde DE. — 46—47. Printed as prose in ABCD. — 57, 60. stockins DE. — 60. and a pair DE. — 62. a Gods] in Gods DE.

16

II, 2.]

apron! Faith, then haue at 'up tailes all'. Ile go liggy - loggy to London, and be here in a trice, yong mistris. [Exit.

Rose. Do so, good Sibill. Meane time wretched I 65 Will sit and sigh for his lost company. [*Exil.* 

### SCENE II.

### Enter ROWLAND LACY, like a Dutch Shoemaker.

Lacy. How many shapes have gods and kings devisde, Thereby to compasse their desired loues! It is no shame for Rowland Lacy, then, To clothe his cunning with the Gentle Craft, That, thus disguisde, I may unknowne possesse 5 The onely happie presence of my Rose. For her haue I forsooke my charge in France, Incurd the kings displeasure, and stird up Rough hatred in mine vncle Lincolnes brest. O loue, how powerfull art thou, that canst change 10 High birth to basenesse, and a noble mind To the meane semblance of a shooemaker! But thus it must be. For her cruell father, Hating the single vnion of our soules, Has secretly conueyd my Rose from London, 15 To barre me of her presence; but I trust, Fortune and this disguise will furder me Once more to view her beautie, gaine her sight. Here in Towerstreete with Ayre the shooemaker Meane I a while to worke; I know the trade, 20 I learn't it when I was in Wittenberge. Then cheere thy hoping sprites, be not dismaide, Thou canst not want: do Fortune what she can. The Gentle Craft is liuing for a man. Exit.

64. [Exit] om. CDE.

SCENE II. [Scene 3. London. A Street.] Fr. — 9. my DE. — 11. b.renesse ABC. — 17. further CDE. — 21. learne C; at Wittemberge D, at Wittemberg E. — 22. spirits CDE.

### Scene III.

### Enter EYRE, making himselfe readie.

*Eyre.* Where be these boyes, these girles, these drabbes, these scoundrels? They wallow in the fat brewisse of my bountie, and licke vp the crums of my table, yet wil not rise to see my walkes cleansed. Come out, you powder-beefe -queanes! What, Nan! what, Madge Mumble-crust. Come out, you fatte Midriffe-swag-belly-whores, and sweepe me these kennels that the noysome stench offende not the noses of my neighbours. What, Firke, I say; what, Hodge! Open my shop-windowes! What, Firke, I say!

#### Enter FIRKE.

- Firke. O master, ist you that speake bandog and bedlam this morning? I was in a dreame, and muzed what madde man was got into the streete so earlie; haue you drunke this morning that your throate is so cleere?
- *Eyre.* Ah, well saide, Firke; well said, Firke. To worke, 15 my fine knaue, to worke! Wash thy face, and thou't be more blest.

Firke. Let them wash my face that will eate it. Good maister, send for a sowce-wife, if youle haue my face cleaner.

### Enter HODGE.

*Eyre.* Away, slouen! auaunt, scoundrell! — Good morrow, 20 Hodge; good morrow, my fine foreman.

*Hodge.* O maister, good morrow; yare an earlie stirrer. Heeres a faire morning. — Good morrow, Firke, I could haue slept this howre. Heeres a braue day towards.

Eyre. Oh, haste to worke, my fine foreman, haste to worke.
 Firke. Maister, I am drie as dust to heare my fellow Roger talke of faire weather; let vs pray for good leather, and let

SCENE III. [Scene 4. An open yard before Eyre's house.] Fr. — 4. clensed C. — 5. Madge-mumble-crust Qq. — 6. Midriffe-swag, belly -whores A. — 7. stench] filth CDE; nose AB. — 8. my om. D. — 10. maister C; bang dog B. — 15. thou'lt CD. — 18. master D; souse-wife CDE; you will BCDE. — 21, 25. master D. — 23. toward C. clownes and plowboyes and those that worke in the fieldes pray for braue dayes. Wee worke in a drie shop; what care I if it raine?

#### Enter Eyre's WIFE.

*Eyre.* How now, dame Margery, can you see to rise? 30 Trip and go, call up the drabs, your maides.

*Wife.* See to rise? I hope tis time inough, tis earlie inough for any woman to be seene abroad. I maruaile how manie wiues in Towerstreet are up so soon. Gods me, tis not noone, — heres a yawling!

*Eyre.* Peace, Margerie, peace! Wheres Cisly Bumtrinket, your maide? She has a priuie fault, she farts in her sleepe. Call the queane up; if my men want shooethread, ile swinge her in a stirrop.

*Firke.* Yet, thats but a drie beating; heres still a signe 40 of drought.

#### Enter LACY, singing.

Lacy. Der was een bore van Gelderland, Frolick si byen; He was als dronck he cold nyet stand, Upsolce se byen. 45 Tap eens de canneken, Drincke, shone mannekin.

*Firke.* Master, for my life, yonders a brother of the Gentle Craft; if he beare not saint Hughes bones, lle forfeit my bones; hees some vplandish workman: hire him, good master, 50 that I may learne some gibble-gabble; twill make us worke the faster.

*Eyre.* Peace, Firke! A hard world! Let him passe, let him vanish; we haue iourneymen enow. Peace, my fine Firke!

*Wife.* Nay, nay, y'are best follow your mans councell; you 55 shal see what wil come on't: we have not men enow, but we must entertaine every butter-boxe; but let that passe.

32. I hope] hope B. — 36. Her's E. — 44. dronke C, drunke DE. — 45. up selcese byen E. — 46. cauneken C. — 47. drinck C; shoue A, shene B, sheue C, sheve DE. — 48, 50. Maister C. — 50. unlandish DE.

Hodge. Dame, fore God, if my maister follow your counsell, heele consume little beefe. He shal be glad of men, and hee60 can catch them.

Firke. I, that he shall.

Hodge. Fore God, a proper man, and I warrant, a fine workman. Maister, farewell; Dame, adew; if such a man as he cannot find worke, Hodge is not for you. [Offers to goe.

Eyre. Stay, my fine Hodge.

Firke. Faith, and your foreman goe, dame, you must take a iourney to seeke a new iorneyman; if Roger remoue, Firke followes. If S. Hughs bones shall not be set a-worke, I may pricke mine awle in the wals, and goe play. Fare ye wel, master; God buy, dame.

*Eyre.* Tarrie, my fine Hodge, my briske foreman! Stay, Firke! Peace, pudding-broath! By the Lord of Ludgate, I loue my men as my life. Peace, you gallimafrie! Hodge, if he want worke, lle hire him. One of you to him; stay,

75 — he comes to vs.

Lacie. Goeden dach, meester, ende v vro oak.

Firke. Nayls, if I should speake after him without drinking, I shuld choke. And you, frind Oake, are you of the Gentle Craft?

80 Lacie. Yaw, yaw, ik bin den skomawker.

Firke. Den skomaker, quoth a! And heark you, skomaker, haue you al your tooles, a good rubbing-pinne, a good stopper, a good dresser, your foure sorts of awles, and your two balles of waxe, your paring knife, your hand- and thumb-

85 leathers, and good S. Hughs bones to smooth up your worke? *Lacie.* Yaw, yaw; be niet vorveard. Ik hab all de dingen voour mack skooes groot and cleane.

Firke. Ha, ha! Good maister, hire him; heele make me laugh so that I shal worke more in mirth then I can in 90 earnest.

Eyre. Heare ye, friend, haue ye any skill in the mistery of Cordwainers?

58, 63. Master D. — 62. Afore CDE. — 68. followres B; Hughes C. — 73. gallimaufrey CDE. — 74. I hire DE. — 80. Ich beene den skoomaker CDE. — 82. pin CDE. — 83. sort DE; aules CDE. — 84. thum-leathers DE. — 88. master D. — 91. ye] you CDE (twice).

65

Lacie. Ik weet niet wat yow seg; ich verstaw you niet.

Firke. Why, thus, man: (*imitating by gesture a shoemaker at work*) Ich verste v niet, quoth a.

Lacie. Yaw, yaw, yaw; ick can dat wel doen.

Firke. Yaw, yaw! He speakes yawing like a Jacke-daw that gapes to be fed with cheese-curdes. Oh, heele giue a villanous pul at a can of double-beere; but Hodge and I haue the vantage, we must drinke first, because wee are the 100 eldest journeymen.

Eyre. What is thy name?

Lacie. Hans — Hans Meulter.

*Eyre.* Giue me thy hand; th'art welcome. — Hodge, entertaine him; Fyrk, bid him welcome; come, Hans. Runne, wife, 105 bid your maids, your trullibubs, make readie my fine mens breakefasts. To him, Hodge!

*Hodge*. Hans, th'art welcome; use thy selfe friendly, for we are good fellowes; if not, thou shalt be fought with, wert thou bigger then a giant.

*Fyrk.* Yea, and drunke with, wert thou Gargantua. My maister keepes no cowards, I tell thee. — Hoe, boy, bring him an heele-blocke, heers a new iourneyman. [*Enter Boy.*]

Lacy. O, ich wersto you; ich moet een halue dossen cans betaelen; here, boy, nempt "dis skilling, tap eens freelicke. 115

[Exit Boy.]

*Eyre.* Quicke, snipper-snapper, away! Fyrk, scowre thy throate, thou shalt wash it with Castilian licour. [*Enter Boy.*] Come, my last of the fues, giue me a can. Have to thee, Hans; here, Hodge; here, Fyrk; drinke, you mad Greeks, and worke like true Troians, and pray for Simon Eyre, the 120 shoomaker. — Here, Hans, and th'art welcome.

Fyrk. Lo, dame, you would have lost a good fellow that wil teach us to laugh. This beer came hopping in well.

Wife. Simon, it is almost seuen.

*Eyre.* Is't so, dame Clapper-dudgeon? Is't seuen a clocke, 125 and my mens breakefast not readie? Trip and goe, you

93. Ick weet C; you seg C; vestaw A. — 94. (Imitating ... work) added by Fr. — 97. yawning DE. — 104. thou art CDE. — 112. master D. — 115. betalen CDE; here] nere DE; oens D, ones E. — 120. Troyans CD. — 126. breakfasts C.

II, 3.]

95

sowst cunger, away! Come, you madde Hiperboreans; follow me, Hodge; follow me, Hans; come after, my fine Fyrk; to worke, to worke a while, and then to breakfast! [*Exit*.

130 Fyrk. Soft! Yaw, yaw, good Hans, though my master haue no more wit but to call you afore mee, I am not so foolish to go behind you, I being the elder iourneyman.

Exeunt.

#### SCENE IV.

[Hollowing within] Enter WARNER and HAMMON, like Hunters.

Hammon. Cosen, beate every brake, the game's not farre, This way with winged feete he fled from death, Whilst the pursuing hounds, senting his steps, Find out his high-way to destruction.

5 Besides, the millers boy told me euen now, He saw him take soile, and he hallowed him, Affirming him to have been so embost That long he could not hold.

Warner. If it be so, Tis best we trace these meddowes by Old-Ford.

[A noise of Hunters within; Enter a Boy.]

10 Hammon. How now, boy? Wheres the deere? speak, sawst thou him?

Boy. O yea; I saw him leape through a hedge, and then ouer a ditch, then at my Lord Maiors pale, ouer he skipt me, and in he went me, and 'holla' the hunters cride, and 'there, boy; there, boy!' But there he is, a mine honestie.

15

Hammon. Boy, God amercy. Cosen, lets away; I hope we shal find better sport to-day. [Excunt.

#### Scene V.

[Hunting within] Enter Rose and SIBILL.

Rose. Why, Sibill, wilt thou proue a forrester?

Sibill. Upon some no; forrester, go by; no, faith, mistris. The deere came running into the barne through the orchard

127. Hiperborians E. - 130. maister C.

SCENE IV. (Scene 5. A field near Oldford.) Fr. — Stage-dir. Holowing C. — 6. saile A, soil BDE, soyle C; hollowed DE. — 7. him so embost Qq. — 16. we] I CDE. and ouer the pale; I wot wel, I lookt as pale as a new cheese to see him. But whip, saies good man Pinne-close, vp with his flaile, and our Nicke with a prong, and downe he fell, and they upon him, and I upon them. By my troth, we had such sport; and in the end we ended him; his throate we cut, flead him, unhornd him, and my Lord Maior shal eat of him anon, when he comes. [Horns sound within. 10]

*Rose.* Heark, heark, the hunters come; y'are best take heed, Theyle haue a saying to you for this deede.

#### Enter HAMMON, WARNER, Huntsmen, and Boy.

Hammon. God saue you, faire ladies. Sibill. Ladies, o grosse! Warner. Came not a bucke this way? Rose. No, but two does. Hammon. And which way went they? Faith, weel hunt at those. 15 Sibill. At those? upon some no: when, can you tell? Warner. Upon some I. Sibill. Good Lord! Warner Wounds! Then farewell! Hammon. Boy, which way went he? Boy. This way, sir, he ranne. Hammon. This way he ranne indeede, faire mistris Rose: Our game was lately in your orchard seene. 20 Warner. Can you aduise, which way he tooke his flight? Sibill. Followe your nose; his hornes will guide you right. Warner. Thart a mad wench. Sibill. O, rich! Rose. Trust me, not I. It is not like that the wild forrest - deere Would come so neare to places of resort; 25 You are deceiu'd, he fled some other way. Warner. Which way, my suger-candie, can you shew? Sibill. Come up, good honnisops, vpon some no. Rose. Why doe you stay, and not pursue your game?

SCENE V. [Scene 6. Another part of the field.] Fr. — 5. pinne-close A, Pinclose CDE. — 7. uppon C. — 9. unhorned DE. — 10. Stage-dir. Horner BC. — 11, 12. Printed as prose in B. — 17. Zounds DE. — 24. that om. A. — 28. honisops DE.

30	Sibill. Ile hold my life, their hunting - nags be lame.
	Hammon. A deere more deere is found within this place.
	Rose. But not the deere, sir, which you had in chace.
	Hammon. I chac'd the deere, but this deere chaceth me.
	Rose. The strangest hunting that euer I see.
35	But wheres your parke? [She offers to goe away.
	Hammon. Tis here: O stay!
	Rose. Impale me, and then I will not stray.
	Warner. They wrangle, wench; we are more kind then they.
	Sibill. What kind of hart is that deere hart, you seeke?
	Warner. A hart, deare hart.
	Sibil. Who euer saw the like?
40	Rose. To lose your heart, is't possible you can?
	Hammon. My heart is lost.
	Rose. Alacke, good gentleman!
	Hammon. This poore lost hart would I wish you might find.
	Rose. You, by such lucke, might proue your hart a hind.
	Hammon. Why, Lucke had hornes, so have I heard some say.
45	Rose. Now, God, and't be his wil, send Luck into your way.
	Enter L. MAIOR and Seruants.
	L. Maior. What, M. Hammon? Welcome to Old-Ford!
	Sibill. Gods pittikins, hands off, sir! Heers my Lord.
	L. Maior. I heare you had ill lucke, and lost your game.
	Hammon. Tis true, my Lord.
	L. Maior. I am sorie for the same.
50	What gentleman is this?
	Hammon. My brother - in - law.
	L. Maior. Y'are welcome both; sith Fortune offers you
	Into my hands, you shal not part from hence,
	Until you haue refresht your wearied limmes.
	Go, Sibel, couer the boord! You shal be guest
55	To no good cheare, but euen a hunters feast.
	Hammon. I thanke your Lordship Cosen, on my life,
	For our lost venison I shal find a wife. [Excunt.
	L. Maior. In, gentlemen; Ile not be absent long
	This Hammon is a proper gentleman,

32. chase C. - 33. chaseth C. - 36. Impale, used as a trisyllable. - 38. that, deere A. - 54. Sibell C.

A citizen by birth, fairely allide; How fit an husband were he for my girle! Wel, I wil in, and do the best I can, To match my daughter to this gentleman.

## ACT III.

## SCENE I.

## Enter LACIE, SKIPPER, HODGE, and FIRKE.

Skipper. Ick sal yow wat seggen, Hans; dis skip, dat comen from Candy, is al vol, by gots sacrament, van sugar, ciuet, almonds, cambrick, end alle dingen, towsand towsand ding. Nempt it, Hans, nempt it vor v meestør. Daer be de bils van laden. Your meester Simon Eyre sal hae good copen. 5 Wat seggen yow, Hans?

Firk. Wat seggen de reggen de copen, slopen — laugh, Hodge, laugh!

 Lacie.
 Mine lieuer broder Firk, bringt meester Eyre tot det

 signe vn swannekin; daer sal yow finde dis skipper end 10

 me.
 Wat seggen yow, broder Firk? Doot it, Hodge. Come,

 skipper.
 [Exeunt.

*Firk.* Bring him, quod you? Heers no knauerie, to bring my master to buy a ship, worth the lading of 2 or 3 hundred thousand pounds. Alas, thats nothing; a trifle, a bable, Hodge.

*Hodge*. The truth is, Firk, that the marchant owner of the ship dares not shew his head, and therefore this skipper that deales for him, for the loue he beares to Hans, offers my master Eyre a bargaine in the commodities. He shal haue a reasonable day of payment; he may sel the wares by that 20 time, and be an huge gainer himselfe.

*Firk.* Yea, but can my fellow Hans lend my master twentie porpentines as an earnest pennie?

*Hodge*. Portegues, thou wouldst say; here they be, Firke; heark, they gingle in my pocket like S. Mary Overies bels.

61 a husband DE.

ACT III. SCENE I. [Scene 7. A room in Eyre's house.] Fr. – 1. Ich E; you E. – 2. wol Qq. – 3. almond BCDE. – 4. bills DE. – 5. master Symon D. – 9. tot] lot Qq.; det] den A. – 10. sign E; swannekiu DE; dare CDE; you finds DE. – 11. you E. – 14. master C. – 21. be] he E. – 23. propentimes C. – 25. S. Mary Queries ABC,

25 60

15

25

Exit.

#### Enter EYRE and his Wife.

Firk. Mum, here comes my dame and my maister. Sheele scold, on my life, for loytering this Monday; but al's one, let them al say what they can, Monday's our holyday.

Wife. You sing, sir Sauce, but I beshrew your heart,

I feare, for this your singing we shal smart.

Firk. Smart for me, dame; why, dame, why?

Hodge. Maister, I hope, yowle not suffer my dame to take downe your iourneymen.

*Firk.* If she take me downe, Ile take her vp; yea, and 35 take her downe too, a button-hole lower.

Eyre. Peace, Firke; not I, Hodge; by the life of Pharao, by the Lord of Ludgate, by this beard, euery haire whereof I valew at a kings ransome, shee shal not meddle with you.
Peace, you bumbast-cotten-candle-queane; away, queene
40 of clubs; quarrel not with me and my men, with me and my fine Firke; Ile firke you, if you do.

Wife. Yea, yea, man, you may vse me as you please; but let that passe.

Eyre. Let it passe, let it vanish away; peace! Am I

- 45 not Simon Eyre? Are not these my braue men, braue shoomakers, all gentlemen of the gentle craft? Prince am I none, yet am I noblie borne, as beeing the sole sonne of a shoomaker. Away, rubbish; vanish, melt; melt like kitchinstuffe.
- 50 Wife. Yea, yea, tis wel; I must be cald rubbish, kitchinstuffe, for a sort of knaues.

*Firke.* Nay, dame, you shall not weepe and waile in woe for me. Master, Ile stay no longer; here's a vennentorie of my shop-tooles. Adue, master; Hodge, farewel.

55 Hodge. Nay, stay, Firke; thou shalt not go alone.

*Wife.* I pray, let them goe; there be mo maides then Mawkin, more men then Hodge, and more fooles then Firke. *Firke.* Fooles? Nailes! if I tarry nowe, I would my guts might be turnd to shoo-thread.

33. journeyman E. — 35. butten-hole C. — 38. at om. E. — 44. Am not I DE. — 45. those DE. — 53. a eventory C, an enuentory DE. — 54. maister C. — 58. Fuoles C; gute E.

*Hodge*. And if I stay, I pray God I may be turnd to a 60 Turke, and set in Finsbury for boyes to shoot at. — Come, Firk.

*Eyre.* Stay, my fine knaues, you armes of my trade, you pillars of my profession. What, shal a tittle-tattles words make you forsake Simon Eyre? — Auaunt, kitchin-stuffe! 65 Rip, you brown-bread Tannikin; out of my sight! Moue me not! Haue not I tane you from selling tripes in Eastcheape, and set you in my shop, and made you haile-fellowe with Simon Eyre, the shoomaker? And now do you deale thus with my Journeymen? Looke, you powder-beefe-queane, on the 70 face of Hodge, heers a face for a Lord.

Firk. And heers a face for any Lady in christendome.

 $E_{yre}$ . Rip, you chitterling, auaunt! Boy, bid the tapster of the Bores-head fil me a doozen cannes of beere for my iourneymen.

Firk. A doozen cans? O, braue! Hodge, now Ile stay. Eyre. (In a low voice to the boy) And the knaue fils any more then two, he payes for them. (Exit Boy. Loud.) A doozen cans of beere for my iourneymen. (Re-enter Boy.) Here, you mad Mesopotamians, wash your liuers with this liquour. 80 Where be the odde ten? No more, Madge, no more. — Wel saide. Drinke and to work! — What worke dost thou, Hodge? what work?

Hodge. I am a making a paire of shooes for my Lord Maiors daughter, mistresse Rose.

Firk. And I a paire of shooes for Sybill, my Lords maid. I deale with her.

*Eyre.* Sybil? Fie, defile not thy fine workmanly fingers with the feete of kitchinstuffe and basting-ladles. Ladies of the Court, fine Ladies, my lads, commit their feete to our 90 apparelling; put grosse worke to Hans. Yarke and seame, yarke and seame!

*Firk.* For yarking and seaming let me alone, and I come toot.

64. my] me C; word CDE. — 66. tanniking C. — 68. make DE. — 73. Rip you, chitterling A. — 77 seqq. Stage-directions added by Fr. — 79. Heare you, mad AB. — 84. am making DE. — 89. feet of kitchingstuff DE.

27

75

- Hodge. Wel, maister, al this is from the bias. Do you 95 remember the ship my fellow Hans told you of? The skipper and he are both drinking at the Swan. Here be the Portigues to giue earnest. If you go through with it, you cannot choose but be a Lord at least.
- 100 Firk. Nay, dame, if my master proue not a Lord, and you a Ladie, hang me.

Wife. Yea, like inough, if you may loiter and tipple thus. Firke. Tipple, dame? No, we have beene bargaining with Skellum Skanderbag: can you Dutch spreaken for a ship of 105 silk Cipresse, laden with sugar Candie.

## Enter the Boy with a velvet coate and an Aldermans gowne. AYRE puts it on.

Eyre. Peace, Firk; silence, Tittle-tattle! Hodge, Ile go through with it. Heers a seale-ring, and I haue sent for a garded gown and a damask casock. See where it comes; looke heere, Maggy; help me, Firk; apparrel me, Hodge; 110 silke and satten, you mad Philistines, silke and satten.

Firk. Ha, ha, my maister wil be as proud as a dogge in a dublet, al in beaten damaske and veluet.

Eyre. Softly, Firke, for rearing of the nap, and wearing threadbare my garments. How doest thou like mee, Firke? 115 How do I looke, my fine Hodge?

Hodge. Why, now you looke like your self, master. I warrant you, ther's few in the city, but wil giue you the wal, and come vpon you with the right worshipful.

Firke. Nailes, my master lookes like a threadbare cloake 120 new turn'd and drest. Lord, Lord, to see what good raiment doth! Dame, dame, are you not enamoured?

Evre. How saist thou, Maggy, am I not brisk? Am I not fine?

Wife. Fine? By my troth, sweet hart, very fine! By my 125 troth, I neuer likte thee so wel in my life, sweete heart; but let that passe. I warrant, there be many women in the citie

98, 107. thorow DE. - 100. maister C. - 104. Scanderbag DE. -- 116, 119. maister C. - 119. clocke.

have not such handsome husbands, but only for their apparell; but let that passe too.

### Enter HANS and Skipper.

Hans. Godden day, mester. Dis be de skipper dat heb de skip van marchandice; de commodity ben good; nempt it, 130 master, nempt it.

*dire.* Godamercy, Hans; welcome, skipper. Where lies this ship of marchandice?

*Skipper.* De skip ben in reuere; dor be van Sugar, cyuet, almonds, cambricke, and a towsand towsand tings, gotz sacra- 135 ment; nempt it, mester: ye sal heb good copen.

*Firk.* To him, maister! O sweete maister! O sweet wares! Prunes, almonds, suger-candy, carrat-roots, turnups, o braue fatting meate! Let not a man buye a nutmeg but your selfe.

*Eyre.* Peace, Firke! Come, Skipper, Ile go aboord with 140 you. — Hans, haue you made him drinke?

Skipper. Yaw, yaw, ic heb veale gedrunck.

*Eyre.* Come, Hans, follow me. Skipper, thou shalt have my countenance in the Cittie. [*Exeunt.* 

*Firk.* Yaw, heb veale gedrunck, quoth a. They may well 145 be called butter-boxes, when they drinke fat veale and thick beare too. But come, dame, I hope you'le chide vs no more.

*Wife.* No, faith, Firke; no, perdy, Hodge. I do feele honour creepe upon me, and which is more, a certaine rising in my flesh; but let that passe.

*Firk.* Rising in your flesh do you feele say you? I, you may be with childe, but why should not my maister feele a rising in his flesh, hauing a gowne and a gold ring on? But you are such a shrew, you'le soone pull him downe.

*Wife.* Ha, ha! prethee, peace! Thou mak'st my worshippe 155 laugh; but let that passe. Come, Ile go in; Hodge, prethee, goe before me; Firke, follow me.

Firke. Firke doth follow; Hodge, passe out in state. [Exeunt.

marchandize DE. — 131. mester CDE. — 133. merchandize DE. —
 134. rouere Qq., civit DE. — 135. gots CDE. — 136. yo A; hab DE. —
 138. Almons C; carret-roots, turnips DE. — 140. abroade AB. —
 142. gedrunke CDE. — 145. gedrunke CD, gedrunke E. — 151. you say DE.

#### SCENE II.

### Enter LINCOLNE and DODGER.

	Entry Enterent and Debolet.
	Lincolne. How now, good Dodger, whats the newes in
	Dodger. My Lord, vpon the eighteenth day of May [France?
	The French and English were preparde to fight;
	Each side with eager furie gaue the signe
5	Of a most hot encounter. Fiue long howres
	Both armies fought together; at the length
	The lot of victorie fel on our sides.
	Twelue thousand of the Frenchmen that day dide,
	Foure thousand English, and no man of name
10	But Captaine Hyam and yong Ardington,
	Two gallant gentlemen, I knew them well.
	Lincolne. But Dodger, prethee, tell me, in this fight
	How did my cozen Lacie beare himselfe?
	Dodger. My Lord, your cosen Lacie was not there.
15	Lincolne. Not there?
	Dodger. No, my good Lord.
	Lincolne. Sure, thou mistakest.
	I saw him shipt, and a thousand eies beside
	Were witnesses of the farewels which he gaue,
	When I, with weeping eies, bid him adew.
	Dodger, take heede.
	Dodger. My Lord, I am aduis'de,
20	That what I spake is true: to proue it so,
	His cosen Askew, that supplide his place,
	Sent me for him from France, that secretly
	He might conuey himselfe thither.
	Lincolne. Ist euen so?
	Dares he so carelessly venture his life,
25	
	Has he despis'd my loue, and spurn'd those fauours
	Which I with prodigall hand powr'd on his head?
	He shall repent his rashnes with his soule;
	Since of my loue he makes no estimate,

SCENE II. [Scene 8. London. A room in Lincoln's house.] Fr. -2. eighteene AB. - 17. witness CDE, cp. Henr. VIII., II. 1. 17, and see S. Walker, Versif., p. 243 seqq. and Abbott, s. 471. - 20. speake C, speak DE. - 23. hither Qq.

Ile make him wish he had not knowne my hate.	30
Thou hast no other newes?	
Dodger. None else, my Lord.	
Lincolne. None worse I know thou hast Procure the king	
To crowne his giddie browes with ample honors,	
Send him cheefe Colonell, and all my hope	
Thus to be dasht! But tis in vaine to grieue,	35
One euill cannot a worse releeue.	
Upon my life, I haue found out his plot;	
That old dog, Loue, that fawnd upon him so,	
Loue to that puling girle, his faire - cheek't Rose,	
The Lord Maiors daughter, hath distracted him,	40
And in the fire of that loues lunacie	•
Hath he burnt vp himselfe, consum'd his credite,	
Lost the kings loue, yea, and I feare, his life,	
Onely to get a wanton to his wife.	
Dodger, it is so.	45
Dodger. I feare so, my good Lord.	
Lincolne. It is so - nay, sure it cannot be!	
I am at my wits end. Dodger!	
Dodger. Yea, my Lord.	
Lincolne. Thou art acquainted with my nephewes haunts;	
Spend this gold for thy paines; goe seeke him out;	
Watch at my Lord Maiors - there if he liue,	50
Dodger, thou shalt be sure to meete with him.	Ũ
Prethee, be diligent. — Lacie, thy name	
Liu'd once in honour, now tis dead in shame	
Be circumspect. [Exit.	
Dodger. I warrant you, my Lord. [Exit.	

#### SCENE III.

#### Enter LORD MAIOR and Master SCOTTE.

L. Maior. Good maister Scot, I have beene bolde with you, To be a witnesse to a wedding-knot

36. Is worse used as a disyllable here? worse one Fr., more worse pres. Edd. conj.; cp. Lear, II. 2. 155: My sister may receive it much more worse. - 47. end, Dodger Qq. - 48. acquinted E. - 53. tis wanting in Qq.

SCENE III. [Scene 9. London. A room in the Lord Mayor's house.] Fr. Stage-dir. Scot CDE. – 2. weding C.

Betwixt yong maister Hammon and my daughter. O, stand aside; see where the Louers come.

## Enter HAMMON and Rose.

5	Rose. Can it be possible, you loue me so?
	No, no, within those eie-bals I espie
	Apparant likelihoods of flattery.
	Pray now, let go my hand.
	Hammon. Sweete mistris Rose,
	Misconstrue not my words, nor misconceiue
10	Of my affection, whose deuoted soule
	Sweares that I loue thee dearer then my heart.
	Rose. As deare as your owne heart? I judge it right,
	Men loue their hearts best when th'are out of sight.
	Hammon. I loue you, by this hand.
	Rose. Yet hands off now!
15	If flesh be fraile, how weake and frail's your vowe!
	Hammon. Then by my life I sweare.
	Rose. Then do not brawle;
	One quarrell looseth wife and life and all.
	Is not your meaning thus?
	Hammon. In faith, you iest.
	Rose. Loue loues to sport; therefore leaue loue, y'are best.
20	L. Maior. What? square they, maister Scot?
	Scot. Sir, neuer doubt,
	Louers are quickly in, and quickly out.
	Hammon. Sweet Rose, be not so strange in fansying me.
	Nay, neuer turne aside, shunne not my sight:
	I am not growne so fond, to fond my loue
25	On any that shall quit it with disdaine;
	If you wil loue me, so — if not, farewell.
	L. Maior. Why, how now, louers, are you both agreede?
	Hammon. Yes, faith, my Lord.
	L. Maior. Tis well, giue me your hand.
	Giue me yours, daughter. — How now, both pull back!
30	What meanes this, girle?

8. Pray, now let Qq. - 15. frial E. - 28-30. Tis well... girle two lines in Qq., the first ending at daughter. - 29. now] not C.

Rose. I meane to liue a maide. Hammon. But not to die one; pawse, ere that be said. [Aside. L. Maior. Wil you stil crosse me, still be obstinate? Hammon. Nay, chide her not, my Lord, for doing well; If she can liue an happie virgins life, 'Tis farre more blessed then to be a wife. 35 Rose. Say, sir, I cannot: I haue made a vow, Who euer be my husband, tis not you. L. Maior. Your tongue is quicke; but M. Hamond, know, I bade you welcome to another end. Hammon. What, would you have me pule and pine and pray, 40 With 'louely ladie', 'mistris of my heart', 'Pardon your seruant', and the rimer play, Rayling on Cupid and his tyrants-dart; Or shal I undertake some martiall spoile, Wearing your gloue at turney and at tilt, 45 And tel how many gallants I unhorst -Sweete, wil this pleasure you? Rose. Yea, when wilt begin? What, louerimes, man? Fie on that deadly sinne! L. Maior. If you wil have her, Ile make her agree. Hammon. Enforced loue is worse than hate to me. 50 (Aside.) There is a wench keepes shop in the Old-Change, To her wil I; it is not wealth I seeke, I have enough, and wil preferre her loue Before the world. - (Loud.) My good Lord Maior, adew. Old loue for me, I haue no lucke with new. Exit. 55 L. Maior. Now, mammet, you have wel behau'd your selfe, But you shal curse your coynes, if I liue. -Whose within there? See you conuay your mistris Straight to th'Old-Forde! Ile keepe you straight enough. Fore God, I would have sworne the puling girle 60 Would willingly accepted Hammons loue;

47. pleasure] please Fr., but read 'gin for begin, cp. Abbott, s. 460; Yea] Yes BDE. - 51, 54. Stage-dir. added by Fr. - 58. Who's DE. -61. accept DE; Fr. (p. 63) proposes accept of, but cp. Shak. Coriolanus IV. 6. 35: We would by this, to all our lamentation, If he had gone forth consul, found it so, and Edw. III., IV. 5. 101 seqq.: The royal king.. Would not alone safe-conduct give to them, But with all bounty feasted them and theirs.

3

But banish him, my thoughts! — Go, minion, in! [*Exit Rose*. Now tel me, master Scot, would you have thought That master Simon Eyre, the shoomaker,

65 Had beene of wealth to buy such marchandize?
Scot. Twas wel, my Lord, your honour and my selfe
Grew partners with him; for your bils of lading
Shew that Eyres gains in one commoditie
Rise at the least to ful three thousand pound

70 Besides like gaine in other marchandize. L. Maior. Wel, he shal spend some of his thousands now, For I have sent for him to the Guild Hall.

#### Enter EYRE.

See, where he comes. — Good morrow, master Eyre. Eyre. Poore Simon Eyre, my Lord, your shoomaker.

75 L. Maior. Wel, wel, it likes your selfe to terme you so.

### Enter DODGER.

Now, M. Dodger, whats the news with you?
Dodger. Ide gladly speake in priuate to your honour.
L. Maior. You shal, you shal. — Master Eyre and M. Scot,
1 haue some businesse with this gentleman;

80 I pray, let me intreate you to walke before To the Guild Hal; Ile follow presently. Master Eyre, I hope ere noone to call you Shiriffe. Eyre. I would not care, my Lord, if you might cal me king of Spaine. — Come, master Scot. [Exeunt EYRE and Scot.
85 L. Maior. Now, Maister Dodger, whats the news you bring?

*Dodger*. The Earle of Lincolne by me greets your Lordship, And earnestly requests you, if you can,

Informe him, where his nephew Lacie keepes.

L. Maior. Is not his nephew Lacie now in France?

90 Dodger. No, I assure your Lordship, but disguisde Lurkes here in London.

63. maister C. — 64. maister C; Eyer E. — 65. merchandize CDE. — 70. merchandize DE. — 73, 78 maister C. — 75. Enter Dodger. Put after 1. 76 in AB. — 77. honor C. — 82, 84, 95. maister C. — 82. Sherife C, Sherife DE. — 84, Stage dir. added by Fr.

London? ist euen so? L. Maior. It may be; but vpon my faith and soule, I know not where he liues, or whether he liues: So tel my Lord of Lincolne. - Lurch in London? Well, master Dodger, you perhaps may start him; 95 Be but the meanes to rid him into France, Ile giue you a dozen angels for your paines: So much I loue his honour, hate his Nephew, And, prethee, so informe thy lord from me. Dodger. I take my leaue. [Exit Dodger, 100 Farewell, good master Dodger. L. Maior. Lacie in London? I dare pawne my life, My daughter knowes thereof, and for that cause Denide yong M. Hammon in his loue. Wel, I am glad, I sent her to Old-Forde. Gods Lord, tis late; to Guild Hall I must hie; 105 Exit. I know my brethren stay my companie.

#### SCENE IV.

Enter FIRKE, EYRES Wife, HANS, and ROGER.

Wife. Thou goest too fast for me, Roger. O, Firke!

Firke. I, forsooth.

*Wife.* I pray thee, runne — doe you heare? — runne to Guild Hall, and learne if my husband, master Eyre, wil take that worshipfull vocation of M. Shiriffe vpon him. Hie thee, 5 good Firke.

*Firke.* Take it? Well, I goe; and he should not take it, Firke sweares to forsweare him. Yes, forsooth, I goe to Guild Hall.

Wife. Nay, when? thou art too compendious and tedious.

*Firke.* O rare, your excellence is full of eloquence; how 10 like a new cart-wheele my dame speakes, and she lookes like an old musty ale-bottle going to scalding.

94. Lurk CDE. – 100. M. Dodger CDE. – 101. Lacie] Lacies C, Lacy's DE. – 103. Denied D; Maister C, Master DE. – 106. stay] lack CDE.

SCENE IV. [Scene 10. London. A room in Eyre's house.] Fr. — Stage-dir. and om. DE. — 1. O, Firke wanting in AB. — 4. M. Eyre CDE. — 5. Sheriffe C, Sherife D, Sheriff E. — 9. th'art CDE; too] two D, to E; tedions C. Wife. Nay, when? thou wilt make me melancholy.

Firke. God forbid, your worship should fall into that 15 humour; — I runne. Exit.

Wife. Let me see now, Roger and Hans.

Hodge. I, forsooth, dame -- mistris I should say, but the old terme so stickes to the roofe of my mouth, I can hardly lick it off.

Wife. Euen what thou wilt, good Roger; dame is a faire 20 name for any honest christian; but let that passe. How dost thou, Hans?

Hans. Mee tanck you, vro.

Wife. Wel, Hans and Roger, you see, God hath blest your master, and, perdie, if euer he comes to be M. Shiriffe of 2.5 London - as we are al mortal - you shal see, I wil haue some odde thing or other in a corner for you: I wil not be your backe-friend; but let that passe. Hans, pray thee, Hans. Yaw, ic sal, vro. [tie my shooe.

30

Wife. Roger, thou knowst the length of my foote; as it is none of the biggest, so I thanke God, it is handsome enough; prethee, let me haue a paire of shooes made, corke, good Roger, woodden heele, too.

Hodge. You shall.

Wife. Art thou acquainted with neuer a fardingale-maker, 35 nor a French-hoode-maker? I must enlarge my bumme, ha, ha! How shall I looke in a hoode, I wonder! Perdy, odly. I thinke.

Roger. As a catte out of a pillorie: verie wel, I warrant you, mistresse. 40

Wife. Indeede, all flesh is grasse; and, Roger, canst thou tel where I may buye a good haire?

Roger. Yes, forsooth, at the poulterers in Gracious-street. Wife. Thou art an vngratious wag; perdy, I meane a 45 false haire for my periwig.

17. Hodge] H. (i. e. Hodge) A, R. (i. e. Roger) B, Ro. CDE. - 21. any] my DE. - 23. Me CDE. - 25. come CDE; maister Sheriffe C, M. Sherife DE. - 29. ic] il DE. - 35. Art] Atr E; thou not acq. DE. - 36. bum E. - 37. ha, ha, ha CDE. - 45. perewig CDE.

Roger. Why, mistris, the next time I cut my beard, you shall have the shavings of it; but they are all true haires.

Wife. It is verie hot, I must get me a fan or else a maske. Roger. So you had neede, to hide your wicked face.

Wife. Fie vpon it, how costly this world's calling is; perdy, 50 but that it is one of the wonderfull works of God, I would not deale with it. Is not Firke come yet? Hans, bee not so sad, let it passe and vanish, as my husbands worshippe saies. Hans. Ick bin vrolicke, lot see yow soo.

Roger. Mistris, wil vou drinke a pipe of tobacco? Wife. Oh, fie uppon it, Roger, perdy! These filthie tobacco - pipes are the most idle slauering bables that euer I felt. Out uppon it! God blesse vs, men looke not like men that vse them.

#### Enter RAFE, being lame.

Roger. What, fellow Rafe? Mistres, looke here, lanes husband! Why, how now, lame? Hans, make much of him, 60 hees a brother of our trade, a good workeman, and a tall Hans. You be welcome, broder. [souldier.

Wife. Pardie, I knew him not. How dost thou, good Rafe? I am glad to see thee wel.

Rafe. I would to God, you saw me, dame, as wel 65 As when I went from London into France.

Wife. Trust mee, I am sorie, Rafe, to see thee impotent. Lord, how the warres haue made him sunburnt! The left leg is not wel; twas a faire gift of God, the infirmitie tooke not hold a litle higher, considering thou camest from France; but 70 let that passe.

Rafe. I am glad to see you wel, and I reioyce To heare that God hath blest my master so Since my departure.

Wife. Yea, truly, Rafe, I thanke my maker; but let that passe. 75

*Roger*. And, sirra Rafe, what newes, what newes in France?

Rafe. Tel me, good Roger, first, what newes in England? How does my Iane? When didst thou see my wife?

46. time that I CDE. - 47. they] mine CDE. - 54. you C. - 60. now om. A. - 65. to wanting in Qq. - 68. The Thy DE. - 69. a the DE; guift C. - 73. maister C.

55

III, 4.]

Where liues my poore heart? Sheel be poore indeed,

80 Now I want limbs to get whereon to feed.

*Roger.* Limbs? Hast thou not hands, man? Thou shalt neuer see a shoomaker want bread, though he haue but three fingers on a hand.

Rafe. Yet all this while I heare not of my Iane.

85 Wife. O Rafe, your wife, — perdie, we knowe not whats become of her. She was here a while, and because she was married, grewe more stately then became her; I checkt her, and so forth; away she flung, neuer returned, nor saide bih nor bah; and, Rafe, you knowe, 'ka me, ka thee'. And 90 so, as I tell ye — Roger, is not Firke come yet?

Roger. No, forsooth.

Wife. And so, indeede, we heard not of her, but I heare she lives in London; but let that passe. If she had wanted, shee might have opened her case to me or my husband, or

95 to any of my men; I am sure, theres not any of them, perdie, but would haue done her good to his power. Hans, looke, if Firke be come.

Hans. Yaw, ik sal, vro.

Exit HANS.

Wife. And so, as I saide - but, Rafe, why dost thou

100 weepe? Thou knowest that naked wee came out of our mothers wombe, and naked we must returne; and, therefore, thanke God for al things.

Roger. No, faith, Iane is a straunger heere; but, Rafe, pull vp a good heart, I knowe thou hast one. Thy wife, 105 man, is in London; one tolde mee, hee sawe her a while agoe verie braue and neate; weele ferret her out, and London

holde her.

 $\it Wife.$  Alas, poore soule, hees ouercome with sorrowe; he does but as I doe, weepe for the losse of any good thing.

110 But, Rafe, get thee in, call for some meate and drinke, thou shalt find me worshipful towards thee.

Rafe. I thanke you, dame; since I want lims and lands, lle trust to God, my good friends, and my hands. [Exit.

95. there is CDE. — 98. ik] it A. — 106. an London DE. — 112. limbs DE. — 113. Ile to God, my good friends, and to these my hands AB, I'll trust to God, my good friends, and to my hands CDE; and my hands Fr.

#### Enter HANS and FIRKE, running.

Firke. Runne, good Hans! O Hodge, O mistres! Hodge, heaue vp thine cares; mistresse, smugge vp your lookes; on 115 with your best apparell; my maister is chosen, my master is called, nay, condemn'd by the crie of the countrie to be Shiriffe of the Citie for this famous yeare nowe to come. And time now being, a great many men in blacke gownes were askt for their voyces and their hands, and my master had 120 al their fists about his eares presently, and they cried 'I, I, I, I,' — and so I came away —

Wherefore without all other grieue,

I doe salute you mistresse shrieue.

Hans. Yaw, my mester is de groot man, de shrieue. 125 Roger. Did not I tell you, mistris? Nowe I may boldly say: Good morrow to your worship.

*Wife.* Good morrow, good Roger. I thanke you, my good people all. — Firke, hold vp thy hand: heer's a three-peny -peece for thy tidings.

Firke. Tis but three-halfe-pence, I thinke. Yes, tis three -pence, I smel the Rose.

*Roger*. But, mistresse, be rulde by me, and doe not speake so pulingly.

*Firke*. Tis her worship speakes so, and not she. No, faith, 135 mistresse, speake mee in the olde key: 'too it, Firke', 'there, good Firke', 'plie your businesse, Hodge', 'Hodge, with a full mouth', 'lle fill your bellies with good cheere, til they crie twang.'

Enter Simon Eyre, wearing a gold chaine.

Hans. See, myn lieuer broder, heer compt my meester.

*Wife.* Welcome home, maister shrieue; I pray God con- 140 tinue you in health and wealth.

*Eyre.* See here, my Maggy, a chaine, a gold chaine for Simon Eyre. I shal make thee a Lady; heer's a French hood for thee; on with it, on with it! dresse thy browes with this flap of a shoulder of mutton, to make thee looke louely. Where 145 be my fine men? Roger, lle make ouer my shop and tooles

116. maister C. — 118. Sheriffe C, Sherife DE. — 120. maister C. — 123, 124. First printed as verse by Fr. — 125. meester CDE; goot CDE. — 129. threepence C. — 139. myn] mine CDE; here C, here DE.

to thee; Firke, thou shalt be the foreman; Hans, thou shalt haue an hundred for twentie. Bee as mad knaues as your maister Sim Eyre hath bin, and you shall liue to be Sheriues 150 of London. — How dost thou like me, Margerie? Prince am I none, yet am I princely borne. Firke, Hodge, and Hans! All 3. I forsooth, what saies your worship, master Sherife? Eyre. Worship and honour, you Babilonian knaues, for

the Gentle Craft. But I forgot my selfe, I am bidden by my 155 Lord Maior to dinner to Old-Ford; hees gone before, I must after. Come, Madge, on with your trinkets! Nowe, my true Troians, my fine Firke, my dapper Hodge, my honest Hans, some deuice, some odde crochets, some morris, or such like, for the honour of the gentlemen shooemakers. Meete me at

160 Old-Ford, you know my minde. Come, Madge, away. Shutte vp the shop, knaues, and make holiday. [Exeunt. Firke. O rare! o braue! Come, Hodge; follow me, Hans; Weele be with them for a morris-daunce. [Exeunt.

#### SCENE V.

- Enter LORD MAIOR, EYRE, his WIFE in a French hood, SIBILL, and other servants.
  - L. Maior. Trust mee, you are as welcome to Old-Ford As I my selfe.

Wife. Truely, I thanke your Lordship.

L. Maior. Would our bad cheere were worth the thanks [you giue.

5 Eyre. Good cheere, my Lord Maior, fine cheere! A fine house, fine walles, all fine and neat.

L. Maior. Now, by my troth, Ile tel thee, maister Eyre, It does me good and al my brethren,

That such a madcap fellow as thy selfe

10 Is entred into our societie.

149. master Simon Eyr E; Sheriffes C, Sheriffes DE. — 152. master] mistris ABCD; Sherif E. — 153. honor C; ye CDE. — 154. by] to DE. — 157. dapar E. — 159. honor C; gentlemen] gentle AB, gentleman C; Shoomakers C, Shoemakers DE.

SCENE V. [Scene 11. Oldford. A room.] Fr. — Stage-dir. Wife, Sibill in a French hood AB. — 2. I om. CDE. — 8. brethren used as a trisyllable; brethren too, Fr.

I, but, my Lord, hee must learne nowe to putte on Wife. grauitie.

Evre. Peace, Maggy, a fig for grauitie! When I go to Guild Hal in my scarlet gowne, Ile look as demurely as a saint, and speake as grauely as a lustice of peace; but now I 15 am here at Old-Foord, at my good Lord Maiors house, let it go by, vanish, Maggy, Ile be merrie; away with flip-flap, these fooleries, these gulleries. What, hunnie? Prince am I inone, yet am I princely borne. What sayes my Lord Major?

L. Maior. Ha, ha, ha! I had rather then a thousand pound, I had an heart but halfe so light as yours.

Evre. Why, what should I do, my Lord? A pound of care paies not a dram of debt. Hum, lets be merry, whiles we are yong; old age, sacke and sugar will steale vpon vs, ere 25 we be aware.

L. Maior. Its wel done; mistris Eyre, pray, giue good counsell To my daughter.

Wife. I hope, mistris Rose wil have the grace to take nothing thats bad.

L. Maior. Pray God, she do; for ifaith, mistris Eyre, I would bestow upon that peeuish girle A thousand marks more then I meane to give her, Upon condition sheed be rulde by me; The Ape still crosseth me. There came of late 35 A proper gentleman of fair reuenewes, Whom gladly I would call sonne in law: But my fine cockney would have none of him. You'le proue a cockscombe for it, ere you die: A courtier, or no man must please your eie. 40

Eyre. Be rulde, sweete Rose: th'art ripe for a man. Marrie not with a boy that has no more haire on his face then thou hast on thy cheekes. A courtier, wash, go by, stand not uppon pisherie - pasherie: those silken fellowes are but painted images,

18. those f. E. - 19. am princely CDE. - 21, 22. Printed as prose in CDE; ha, ha, ha stands for two syllables, and I had is to be contracted (I'd). - 22. but halfe om. in E. - 23. while CDE. - 27, 28. Printed as pross in Qq. - 34. she be CDE. - 37. glady C; read: glad[e]ly; my son Fr. conj. - 38. cocknew E. - 44. pointed B.

20

45 outsides, outsides, Rose; their inner linings are torne. No, my fine mouse, marry me with a Gentleman Grocer like my Lord Maior, your father; a grocer is a sweete trade: plums, plums. Had I a sonne or daughter should marrie out of the generation and bloud of the shoemakers, he should packe;
50 what, the Gentle Trade is a liuing for a man through Europe, through the world.

A noyse within of a Taber and a Pipe. L. Maior. What noyse is this?

*Eyre.* O my Lord Maior, a crue of good fellowes that for loue to your honour are come hither with a morris-dance. 55 Come in, my Mesopotamians, cheerely!

Enter HODGE, HANS, RAPH, FIRKE, and other Shooemakers, in a morris; after a little dauncing the LORD MAIOR speakes:
L. Maior. Maister Eyre, are al these shoemakers?
Eyre. Al cordwainers, my good Lord Maior.
Rose. (Aside.) How like my Lacie lookes yond shooemaker!
Haunce. (Aside.) O that I durst but speake unto my loue!

60 L. Maior. Sibil, go fetch some wine to make these drinke. You are al welcome.

All. We thanke your Lordship.

Rose takes a cup of wine and goes to HAUNCE.

Rose. For his sake whose faire shape thou representst, Good friend, I drinke to thee.

65 Hans. Ic bedancke, good frister.

*Eyres Wife.* I see, mistris Rose, you do not want iudgement; you have drunke to the properest man I keepe.

*Firke.* Here bee some haue done their parts to be as proper as he.

70 L. Maior. Wel, urgent busines cals me backe to London: Good fellowes, first go in and taste our cheare;

And to make merrie as you homeward go,

Spend these two angels in beere at Stratford-Boe.

Eyre. To these two, my madde lads, Sim Eyre ads an-

thorow DE. — Stage-dir. and Pipe. E. — 53. followes C. —
 honor C. — 58, 59. (Aside.) added by Fr. — 61. Stage-dir. the cup E.
 65. trister DE. — 73. angels used as a monosyllable; Bo. E. — 74. Simon CDE; adds CDE,

[III, 5,

 other; then cheerely, Firke; tickle it, Haunce, and al for the
 75

 honour of shoemakers.
 [All goe dauncing out.

 L. Maior.
 Come, maister Eyre, lets haue your companie.

 Rose.
 Sibil, what shal 1 do?
 [Exeant.

 Sibil.
 Why, whats the matter?
 80

*Rose.* That Haunce the shoemaker is my loue Lacie, Disguisde in that attire to find me out. How should I find the meanes to speake with him?

*Sibil.* What, mistris, neuer feare; I dare venter my maidenhead to nothing, and thats great oddes, that Haunce the Dutchman, when we come to London, shal not onely see and 85 speake with you, but in spight of al your fathers pollicies steale you away and marrie you. Will not this please you?

Rose. Do this, and euer be assured of my loue.

*Sibil.* Away, then, and follow your father to London, lest your absence cause him to suspect something:

To-morrow, if my counsel be obayde,

90

Ile binde you prentise to the gentle trade. [Exeunt.

# ACT IV.

#### SCENE I.

Enter IANE in a Semsters shop, working; and HAMMON, muffled, at another doore; he stands aloofe.

Hammon.Yonders the shop, and there my faire loue sits.Shees faire and louely, but she is not mine.O, would she were!Thrise hath my hand beene moistned with her hand,Whilst my poore famisht eies do feed on that5Which made them famish.I am infortunate:I stil loue one, yet nobody loues me.I muse, in other men what women see,That I so want!Fine mistris Rose was coy,And this too curious!Oh, no, she is chaste,IO

77. let haue you companie C. — 79. what'e matter E. — 83. venture E. — 86. polices DE. — 89. least C. — 91. obaide C. — 92. [Exeunt.] added by Fr.

ACT IV. SCENE I. [Scene 12, London, A street] Fr.

	And for she thinkes me wanton, she denies
	To cheare my cold heart with her sunnie eies.
	How prettily she workes, oh prettie hand!
	Oh happie worke! It doth me good to stand
15	Unseene to see her. Thus I oft haue stood
	In frostie euenings, a light burning by her,
	Enduring biting cold, only to eie her.
	One onely look hath seem'd as rich to me
	As a kings crowne; such is loues lunacie.
20	Muffeled Ile passe along, and by that trie
	Whether she know me.
	Iane. Sir, what ist you buy?
	What ist you lacke, sir, callico, or lawne,
	Fine cambricke shirts, or bands, what will you buy?
	Hammon. (Aside.) That which thou wilt not sell. Faith, yet
25	How do you sell this handkercher? [Ile trie:
Ŭ	Iane. Good cheape.
	Hammon. And how these ruffes?
	Iane. Cheape too.
	Hammon. And how this band?
	Iane. Cheape too.
	Hammon. All cheape; how sell you then this hand?
	Iane. My handes are not to be solde.
	Hammon. To be given then!
	Nay, faith, I come to buy.
	Iane, But none knowes when.
30	Hammon. Good sweete, leaue worke a little while; lets play.
J-	Iane. I cannot liue by keeping holliday.
	Hammon. Ile pay you for the time which shall be lost.
	Iane. With me you shall not be at so much cost.
	Hammon. Look, how you wound this cloth, so you wound me.
35	Iane. It may be so.
55	Hammon. Tis so.
	Iane. What remedie?
	Hammon. Nay, faith, you are too coy.
	Iane. Let goe my hand.
	12. cold] could E 19. lover's C 24 (Aside.) added by Fr 28,
	To be buy. One line in Qq., divided by Fr.; to be used as a mono-

syllable (twice).

Hammon. I will do any task at your command,	
I would let goe this beautie, were I not	
In mind to disobey you by a power	
That controlles kings: I loue you!	40
Jane. So, now part.	
Hammon. With hands I may, but neuer with my heart.	
In faith, I loue you.	
Iane. I beleeue, you doe.	
Hammon. Shall a true loue in me breede hate in you?	
Iane. I hate you not.	
Hammon. Then you must loue?	
I doe.	
What are you better now? I loue not you.	45
Hammon. All this, I hope, is but a womans fray	
That means: come to me, when she cries: away!	
In earnest, mistris, I do not iest,	
A true chaste loue hath entred in my brest.	
I loue you dearely, as I loue my life,	50
I loue you as a husband loues a wife;	
That, and no other loue, my loue requires.	
Thy wealth, I know, is little; my desires	
Thirst not for gold. Sweete, beautous Iane, whats mine	
Shall, if thou make my selfe thine, all be thine.	55
Say, judge, what is thy sentence, life or death?	
Mercie or crueltie lies in thy breath.	
Iane. Good Sir, I do beleeue you loue me well;	
For tis a seely conquest, seely pride	
For one like you — I meane a gentleman —	60
To boast that by his loue-tricks he hath brought	
Such and such women to his amorous lure;	
I thinke you do not so, yet many doe,	
And make it even a very trade to wooe.	
I could be coy, as many women be,	65
Feede you with sunne-shine smiles and wanton lookes,	

<sup>41.</sup> hand E. - 44. I doe . . . you. One line in Qq., divided by Fr. - 48. mistris to be pronounced as a trisyllable; for I Fr. - 50. loues E; as I do my CDE.

But I detest witchcraft; say that I Doe constantly beleeue, you constant have ----Hammon. Why dost thou not believe me? I beleeue you; Iane. 70 But yet, good Sir, because I will not grieue you With hopes to taste fruite which will neuer fall, In simple truth this is the summe of all: My husband liues, at least, I hope he liues. Prest was he to these bitter warres in France; 75 Bitter they are to me by wanting him. I have but one heart, and that hearts his due. How can I then bestow the same on you? Whilst he liues, his I liue, be it nere so poore, And rather be his wife then a kings whore. Hammon. Chaste and deare woman, I will not abuse thee, 80 Although it cost my life, if thou refuse me. Thy husband, prest for France, what was his name? Iane. Rafe Damport. Damport? - Heres a letter sent Hammon. From France to me, from a deare friend of mine, A gentleman of place; here he doth write 85 Their names that have bin slaine in every fight. Iane. I hope deaths scroll containes not my loues name. Hammon. Cannot you reade? I can. Iane. Hammon. Peruse the same. To my remembrance such a name I read Amongst the rest. See here. 90 Iane. Ave me, hees dead! Hees dead! if this be true, my deare hearts slaine. Hammon. Haue patience, deare loue. Hence, hence! Iane. Nay, sweete Iane, Hammon. Make not poore sorrow prowd with these rich teares. I mourne thy husbands death, because thou mournst.

67. and say Fr.; say, however, imperative = suppose. - 68. beleeue you, constant Qq. - 71. hope E. - 81. me om. DE. - 88. Can you read CDE. - 93. no poor E.

I Iane. That bil is forgde; 'tis signde by forgerie.	95
Hammon. Ile bring thee letters sent besides to many,	
Carrying the like report: Iane, tis too true.	
Come, weepe not: mourning, though it rise from loue,	
Helpes not the mourned, yet hurtes them that mourne.	
Iane. For Gods sake, leaue me.	100
Hammon. Wither dost thou turne?	
Forget the deade, loue them that are aliue;	
His loue is faded, trie how mine wil thriue.	
Iane. Tis now no time for me to thinke on loue.	
Hammon. Tis now best time for you to thinke on loue,	
Because your loue liues not.	105
Iane. Thogh he be dead,	
My loue to him shal not be buried.	
For Gods sake, leaue me to my selfe alone;	
Hammon. Twould kil my soule, to leaue thee drownd in m	one.
Answere me to my sute, and I am gone;	
Say to me yea or no.	110
Iane. No.	
Hammon. Then farewell.	
One farewel wil not serue, I come again;	
Come, drie these wet cheekes; tel me, faith, sweete Iane,	
Yea or no, once more.	
Iane. Once more I say: no;	
Once more be gone, I pray; else wil I go.	
Hammon. Nay, then I wil grow rude, by this white hand,	115
Until you change that colde no; here Ile stand	
Til by your hard heart —	
Iane. Nay, for Gods loue, peace!	
My sorrowes by your presence more increase.	
Not that you thus are present, but al griefe	
Desires to be alone; therefore in briefe	I20
Thus much I say, and saying bid adew:	
If ever I wed man, it shall be you.	

96. too D. — 100. Whether BC. — 101. deede A, dead BCDE. — 104, 105. One line in Qq.; divided by Fr. — 108. thee] the E. — 118. your] you CDE.

Hammon. O blessed voyce! Deare Iane, lle urge no more, Thy breath hath made me rich. Iane.

Death makes me poor. [Exeunt.

#### SCENE II.

# Enter HODGE, at his shop-boord, RAFE, FIRK, HANS, and a boy at work.

All. Hey, downe a downe, downe derie.

Hodge. Well said, my hearts; plie your worke to-day, we loytred yesterday; to it pell-mel, that we may live to be Lord Maiors, or Aldermen at least.

Firke. Hey, downe a downe, derie. 5

Hodge. Well said, yfaith! How sayst thou, Hauns, doth not Firk tickle it?

Hauns. Yaw, mester.

Firke. Not so neither, my organe-pipe squeaks this morning 10 for want of licoring. Hey, downe a downe, derie!

Hans. Forward, Firk, tow best un iolly yongster. Hort, I, mester, ic bid yo, cut me vn pair vampres vor mester Ieffres bootes.

Hodge. Thou shalt, Hauns.

Firke. Master! 15

Hodge. How now, boy?

Firke. Pray, now you are in the cutting vaine, cut mee out a paire of counterfeits, or else my worke will not passe currant; hey, downe a downe!

Hodge. Tell me, sirs, are my coosin Mrs. Priscillaes shooes 20 done?

Firke. Your coosin? No, maister; one of your auntes, hang her; let them alone.

124. [Exit.] C.

SCENE II, [Scene 13, London. A street before Hodge's shop.] Fr. -1. Hey down, a down, dery BCDE. - 8. meester DE. - 11. youngster C. - 12. väpres AB, vanpres CDE; effres C, Effres DE. - 15. Maister C. -19. down a down dery DE. - 20. Mrs.] M. Qq.; Priscialles B.; Priscicalles C, Priscillas D, Pricillas E.

25

45

Rafe. I am in hand with them; she gaue charge that none but I should doe them for her.

*Firke.* Thou do for her? then twill be a lame doing, and that she loues not. Rafe, thou mightst haue sent her to me, in faith, I would haue yearkt and firkt your Priscilla. Hey, downe a downe, derry. This geere will not holde.

*Hodge.* How saist thou, Firke, were we not merry at Old- 30 Ford?

Firke. How, merry? why, our buttockes went jiggy-ioggy like a quagmyre. Wel, Sir Roger Oatemeale, if I thought all meale of that nature, I would eate nothing but bagpuddings.

Rafe. Of all good fortunes my fellow Hance had the best. 35 Firke. Tis true, because mistris Rose dranke to him.

*Hodge*. Wel, wel, worke apace. They say, seuen of the Aldermen be dead, or very sicke.

Firke. I care not, Ile be none.

*Rafe.* No, nor I; but then my M. Eyre wil come quickly 40 to be L. Mayor.

#### Enter SIBIL.

Firke. Whoop, yonder comes Sibil.

*Hodge*. Sibil, welcome, yfaith; and how dost thou, madde wench?

Firke. Sib-whoore, welcome to London.

*Sibil.* Godamercy, sweete Firke; good Lord, Hodge, what a delitious shop you have got! You tickle it, yfaith.

Rafe. Godamercy, Sibil, for our good cheere at Old-Ford. Sibil. That you shal haue, Rafe.

*Firke.* Nay, by the masse, we hadde tickling cheere, Sibil; 50 and how the plague dost thou and mistris Rose and my Lord Mayor? I put the women in first.

Sibil. Wel, Godamercy; but Gods me, I forget my self, wheres Haunce the Fleming?

*Firke.* Hearke, butter - boxe, nowe you must yelp out some 55 spreken.

Hans. Wat begaie you? Vat vod you, Frister?

26. be but a DE — 28. Precilla CDE. — 34. meale] meate C, meat DE. — 52. woman C. — 54. Flemming DE. — 57. Wat] Vat C; begaie gon vat vod gon Qq.; vod] bod DE.

.4

Sibil. Marrie, you must come to my yong mistris, to pull on her shooes you made last.

- 60 Hans. Vare ben your egle fro, vare ben your mistris? Sibil. Marrie, here at our London house in Cornehill. Firke. Will nobodie serue her turne but Hans? Sibil. No, sir. Come, Hans, I stand upon needles. Hodge. Why then, Sibil, take heede of pricking.
- 65 Sibil. For that let me alone. I have a tricke in my budget. Come, Hans.

Hans. Yaw, yaw, ic sall meete yo gane.

Exit HANS and SIBIL.

[IV, 3.

*Hodge.* Go, Hans, make haste againe. Come, who lacks worke?

Firke. I, maister, for I lacke my breakfast; tis munching - time, and past.

Hodge. Ist so? why, then leave worke, Raph. To breakfast! Boy, looke to the tooles. Come, Raph; come, Firke. [Exemut.

#### Scene III.

#### Enter a Seruing-man.

Serv. Let me see now, the signe of the Last in Towerstreet. Mas, yonders the house. What, haw! Whoes within?

#### Enter RAPH.

Raph. Who calles there? What want you, sir?

Serv. Marrie, I would have a paire of shooes made for a 5 gentlewoman against to-morrow morning. What, can you do them?

*Raph.* Yes, sir, you shall have them. But what lengths her foote?

Serv. Why, you must make them in all parts like this shoe;but, at any hand, faile not to do them, for the gentlewoman is to be married very early in the morning.

*Raph.* How? by this shoe must it be made? by this? Are you sure, sir, by this?

60. Vare] Var C, War DE. - 61. Corne-waile AB, Cornwall C, Cornhill DE; cp. II. 1. 30.

SCENE III. Scene II and III form one scene in Fr.'s edition. -3. Who's DE. - 7. But om. E. Strv. How, by this? Am I sure, by this? Art thou in thy wits? I tell thee, I must haue a paire of shooes, dost thou 15 marke me? a paire of shooes, two shooes, made by this verie shoe, this same shoe, against to -morrow morning by foure

a clock. Dost vnderstand me? Canst thou do't?

Raph. Yes, sir, yes — I, I, I can do't. By this shoe, you say? I should knowe this shoe. Yes, sir, yes, by this shoe, 20 I can do't. Foure a clocke, well. Whither shall I bring them?

Serv. To the signe of the Golden Ball in Watlingstreete; enquire for one maister Hamon, a gentleman, my maister.

Raph. Yea, sir; by this shoe, you say?

Serv. I say, maister Hammon at the Golden Ball; hee's 25 the bridegroome, and those shooes are for his bride.

*Raph.* They shal be done by this shoe; well, Well, Maister Hammon at the Golden Shoe — I would say, the Golden Ball; verie well, verie well. But I pray you, sir, where must maister Hammon be married?

Serv. At Saint Faiths Church, under Paules. But whats that to thee? Prethee, dispatch those shooes, and so farewel. [Exit.

 Raph. By this shoe, said he. How am I amazde

 At this strange accident! Vpon my life,

 This was the verie shoe I gaue my wife,

 When I was prest for France; since when, alas!

 I neuer could heare of her: it is the same,

 And Hammons bride no other but my Iane.

#### Enter FIRKE.

Firke. Snailes, Raph, thou hast lost thy part of three pots, a countrieman of mine gaue me to breakfast. 40

Rafe. I care not; I have found a better thing.

Firke. A thing? away! Is it a mans thing, or a womans thing?

Rafe. Firke, dost thou know this shooe?

*Firke.* No, by my troth; neither doth that know me! I 45 have no acquaintance with it, tis a meere stranger to me.

14. I am sure DE. — 18. Dost] dost thou BCDE; Canst thou] Canst CDE; do it BCDE. — 21. Whether C. — 27. well, very well CDE. — 28. should E. — 33. I am DE. — 37.'tis the same CDE. — 38. but] than DE.

4\*

51

30

Rafe. Why, then I do; this shooe, I durst be sworne, Once couered the instep of my Iane. This is her size, her breadth, thus trod my loue; These true-loue knots I prickt; I hold my life, 50 By this old shooe I shall finde out my wife. Firke. Ha, ha! Old shoo, that wert new! How a murren came this ague-fit of foolishnes vpon thee? Rafe. Thus, Firke: euen now here came a seruing-man; By this shooe would he have a new paire made Against to-morrow morning for his mistris, Thats to be married to a gentleman. And why may not this be my sweete Iane? Firke. And why maist not thou be my sweete asse? Ha, ha! Rafe. Well, laugh and spare not! But the trueth is this: Against to - morrow morning Ile prouide A lustie crue of honest shoomakers. To watch the going of the bride to church. If she proue Iane, Ile take her in dispite From Hammon and the diuel, were he by. 65 If it be not my Iane, what remedy? Hereof I am sure, I shall liue till I die, Exit. Although I neuer with a woman lie. Firke. Thou lie with a woman to builde nothing but

70 Cripple-gates! Well, God sends fooles fortune, and it may be, he may light vpon his matrimony by such a deuice; for Exit. wedding and hanging goes by destiny.

#### SCENE IV.

Enter HANS and ROSE, arme in arme.

Hans. How happie am I by embracing thee! Oh, I did feare such crosse mishaps did raigne, That I should neuer see my Rose againe.

52. were CDE. -- 58. sweete has the quality of a disyllable here; cp. Haml. I. 3. 8; sweet BCDE; sweetest Fr., but cp. Firke's answer. - 65. Of Hammon CDE. - 67. am I AB. - 68. [Exit.] om. CDE. - 72. [Exit.] om. C, [Exeunt.] DE.

SCENE IV. [Scene 14. London. A room in Sir Roger's house.] Fr. - 2 such] surh E.

52

55

Rose. Sweet Lacie, since faire Oportunitie	
Offers her selfe to furder our escape,	5
Let not too ouer-fond esteeme of me	
Hinder that happie hower. Inuent the meanes,	
And Ross will follow thee through all the world.	
Han. Oh, how I surfeit with excess of ioy,	
Made happie by thy rich perfection!	10
But since thou paist sweete intrest to my hopes,	
Redoubling loue on loue, let me once more	
Like to a bold-facde debter craue of thee,	
This night to steale abroade, and at Eyres house,	
Who now by death of certaine Aldermen	15
Is Maior of London, and my master once,	-
Meete thou thy Lacie, where in spite of change,	
Your fathers anger, and mine vncles hate	
Our happie nuptialls will we consummate.	

#### Enter SIBIL.

Sibil. Oh God, what will you doe, mistris? Shift for your 20 selfe, your father is at hand! Hees coming, hees coming! Master Lacie, hide your selfe in my mistris! For Gods sake, shift for your selues!

25

Hans. Your father come, sweete Rose — what shall I doe? Where shall I hide me? How shall I escape?

*Rose.* A man, and want wit in extremitie? Come, come, be Hauns still, play the shoomaker, Pull on my shooe.

#### Enter LORD MAIOR.

Hans. Mas, and thats well remembred.

Sibil. Here comes your father.

*Hans.* Forware, metresse, tis vn good skow, it sal vel dute, 30 or ye sal neit betallen.

Rose. Oh God, it pincheth me; what wil you do?

5. further CDE. - 8. thorow DE. - 9. surfet CD. - 11. interest DE. - 13. debtor CDE. - 16. maister C. - 17. spight BCDE. - 18. father C. - 19. wi ] me AB. - 22. maister C. - 30. sal ] fall C. - 31. niet CDE; bettallen D, bettalen E.

Hans. (Aside.) Your fathers presence pincheth, not the shoo.L. Maior. Well done; fit my daughter well, and shee shallplease thee well.

Hans. Yaw, yaw, ick weit dat well; forware, tis vn good skoo, tis gimait van neits leither; se euer, mine here.

#### Enter a prentice.

L. Maior. I do beleeue it. — Whats the newes with you?
 Prentice. Please you, the Earle of Lincolne at the gate
 40 Is newly lighted, and would speake with you.

L. Maior. The Earl of Lincolne come to speake with me? Well, well, I know his errand. Daughter Rose, Send hence your shoomaker, dispatch, haue done! Sib, make things handsome! Sir boy, follow me. [Exrit.

- Hans. Mine vncle come! Oh, what may this portend?
   Sweete Rose, this of our loue threatens an end.
   Rose. Be not dismaid at this; what ere befall,
   Rose is thine owne. To witnes I speake truth,
  - Where thou appoints the place, Ile meete with thee. I will not fixe a day to follow thee,
- J will not fixe a day to follow thee,
   But presently steale hence. Do not replie:
   Loue which gaue strength to beare my fathers hate,
   Shal now adde wings to further our escape. [Excunt.]

#### SCENE V.

#### Enter LORD MAIOR and LINCOLNE.

L. Maior. Beleeue me, on my credite, I speake truth: Since first your nephew Lacie went to France, I haue not seene him. It seemd strange to me, When Dodger told me that he staide behinde,

5 Neglecting the hie charge the king imposed. Lincolne. Trust me, Sir Roger Otly, I did thinke

33. (Aside.) wanting in Qq. — 34 my] wy D. — 36. wiet DE. — 37. niets DE. — 39, 40. Printed as prose in Qq.; divided by Fr. — 41. come speak Qq., to add, by Fr. — 45. My father come CDE. — 49. appointst DE. — 53. to om. C.

SCENE V. [Scene 15. Another room in the same house.] Fr. - 6. Otley CDE.

# IV, 5.] THE SHOEMAKERS HOLIDAY.

Your counsell had given head to this attempt, Drawne to it by the loue he beares your child. Here I did hope to find him in your house; But now I see mine error, and confesse, My iudgement wrongd you by conceuing so. L. Major. Lodge in my house, say you? Trust me, my Lord, I loue your nephew Lacie too too dearely, So much to wrong his honor; and he hath done so, That first gaue him aduise to stay from France. 15 To witnesse I speake truth, I let you know, How carefull I have beene to keepe my daughter Free from all conference or speech of him; Not that I skorne your nephew, but in loue I beare your honour, least your noble bloud 20 Should by my meane worth be dishonoured. Lincolne. (Aside.) How far the churles tongue wanders from

55

Lincolne. (Aside.) How far the churles tongue wanders from Well, well, Sir Roger Otley, I beleeue you, [his hart. With more then many thankes for the kind loue, So much you seeme to beare me. But, my Lord, 25 Let me request your helpe to seeke my nephew, Whom if I find, Ile straight embarke for France. So shal your Rose be free, my thoughts at rest, And much care die which now lies in my brest.

## Enter SIBIL.

*Sibil.* Oh Lord! Help, for Gods sake! my mistris; oh, 30 my yong mistris!

L. Maior. Where is thy mistris? Whats become of her? Sihil. Shees gone, shees fled!

L. Maior. Gone! Whither is she fled?

*Sibil.* I know not, forsooth; shees fied out of doores with 35 Hauns the shoomaker; I saw them scud, scud, scud, apace, apace!

L. Maior, Which way? What, Iohn! Where be my men? Which way?

22. (Aside.) added by Fr. - 28. my Rose ... your thoughts AB. 29. lies] dies A; ?lives. - 30. spake B. - 35. of the doors E.

0.	Sibil. I know not, and it please your worship.
	L. Maior. Fled with a shoomaker? Can this be true?
	Sibil. Oh Lord, sir, as true as Gods in heauen.
	Lincolne. Her loue turnd shoomaker? I am glad of this.
	L. Maior. A fleming butter - boxe, a shoomaker!
-5	Will she forget her birth, requite my care
	With such ingratitude? Scornd she yong Hammon
	To loue a honnikin, a needie knave?

Wel, let her flie, Ile not flie after her,

Let her starue, if she wil; shees none of mine.

50 Lincolne. Be not so cruell, sir.

Enter FIRKE with shooes.

 Sibil.
 I am glad, shees scapt.

 L. Maior.
 Ile not account of her as of my child.

 Was there no better object for her eies
 But a foule drunken lubber, swill-bellie,

A shoomaker? Thats braue!

55

Firke. Yea, forsooth; tis a very braue shooe, and as fit as a pudding.

L. Maior. How now, what knaue is this? From whence comest thou?

Firke. No knaue, sir. I am Firke the shoomaker, lusty Rogers cheefe lustie iorneyman, and I come hither to take
up the prettie legge of sweete mistris Rose, and thus hoping your worshippe is in as good health, as I was at the making hereof, I bid you farewell, yours -- - Firke.
L. Maior. Stay, stay, sir knaue!

Lincolne. Come hither, shoomaker!

65 Firke. Tis happie the knaue is put before the shoomaker, or else I would not haue vouchsafed to come backe to you. I am moued, for I stirre.

L. Maior. My Lorde, this villaine calles us knaues by craft.
 Firke. Then tis by the Gentle Craft, and to cal one knave
 70 gently, is no hārme. Sit your worship merie! Sib, your yong

42. as true as you are Lord Mayor DE. — 41. Flemming DE. — 47. an h. CDE. — 51. I'll not accompt C; as my DE. — 53. lubber] lubbery DE. — 60, hoping that your DE.

56 40

mistris — Ile so bob them, now my Maister M. Evre is Lorde Maior of London.

L. Maior. Tell me, sirra, whoes man are you?

Firke. I am glad to see your worship so merrie. I have no maw to this geere, no stomacke as yet to a red peticote. 75 [Pointing to Sibil.

Lincolne. He means not, Sir, to wooe you to his maid, But onely doth demand whose man you are.

Firke. I sing now to the tune of Rogero. Roger, my felow, is now my master.

Lincolne. Sirra, knowst thou one Hauns, a shoomaker? 80

Firk. Hauns, shoomaker? Oh yes, stay, yes, I haue him. I tel you what, I speake it in secret: Mistris Rose and he are by this time -- no, not so, but shortly are to come ouer one another with "Can you dance the shaking of the sheetes?" It is that Hauns — (Aside.) Ile so gull these diggers! 85

L. Major. Knowst thou, then, where he is?

Firke. Yes, forsooth; yea, marry!

Lincolne. Canst thou, in sadnesse -

Firke, No, forsooth; no, marrie!

L. Maior. Tell me, good honest fellow, where he is, And thou shalt see what Ile bestow of thee.

Firke. Honest fellow? No, sir; not so, sir; my profession is the Gentle Craft; I care not for seeing, I loue feeling; let me feele it here; aurium tenus, ten pieces of gold; genuum tenus, ten peeces of siluer; and then Firke is your man in 95 a new paire of strechers.

L. Maior. Here is an Angel, part of thy reward, Which I will give thee; tell me where he is.

Firke. No point! Shal I betray my brother? No! Shal I proue Iudas to Hans? No! Shall I crie treason to my cor- 100 poration? No, I shall be firkt and yerkt then. But give me your angell; your angell shall tel you.

Lincolne. Doe so, good fellow; tis no hurt to thee. Firke. Send simpering Sib away.

71. them] then A. - 75. to red B. - 76. his] this DE. - 79. maister C. - 85. (Aside.) added by Fr. - 94. it] if DE. - 104. simp'ring CDE.

[IV, 5.

105 L. Maior. Huswife, get you in. [Exit Sibil. Firke. Pitchers haue eares, and maides haue wide mouthes; but for Hauns Prauns, vpon my word, to -morrow morning he and yong mistris Rose goe to this geere, they shall be married together, by this rush, or else tourne Firke to a 110 firkin of butter, to tanne leather withall.

L. Maior. But art thou sure of this?

*Firke.* Am I sure that Paules steeple is a handfull higher then London stone, or that the Pissing-Conduit leakes nothing but pure mother Bunch? Am I sure I am lustic Firk? Gods 115 nailes, doe you thinke I am so base to gull you.

Lincolne. Where are they married? Dost thou know the church?

*Firke.* I neuer go to church, but I know the name of it; it is a swearing church — stay a while, tis — I, by the mas, no, no, — tis — I, by my troth, no, nor that; tis — I, by

120 my faith, that, that, tis, I, by my Faithes Church vnder Paules crosse. There they shall be knit like a paire of stockings in matrimonie; there theile be inconie.

Lincolne. Vpon my life, my nephew Lacie walkes

In the disguise of this Dutch shoomaker.

125 Firke. Yes, forsooth.

Lincolne. Doth he not, honest fellow?

Firke. No, forsooth; I thinke Hauns is nobodie but Hans, no spirite.

L. Maior. My mind misgiues me now, tis so, indeede.

130 Lincolne. My cosen speakes the language, knowes the trade. L. Maior. Let me request your companie, my Lord;

Your honourable presence may, no doubt,

Tour nonourable presence may, no doubt,

Refraine their head-strong rashnesse, when my selfe

Going alone perchance may be oreborne.

135 Shall I request this fauour?

Lincolne. This, or what else.

Firke. Then you must rise betimes, for they meane to fall

105. Stage-dir. wanting in CDE. — 107. prawns AB, prawnse C, prawnee DE. — 115. 'snails C, 'snailes DE. — 120. Chuch A. — 121. of om. B; stockins DE. — 122. in conie, or, in cony Qq. — 123. Linc. om. E. — 126. Does CD; honest shoemaker CD.

V, I.]

to their hey-passe and repasse, pindy-pandy, which hand will you have, very earely. *L. Maior.* My care shal every way equal their haste. This night accept your lodging in my house, 140 The earlier shal we stir, and at Saint Faithes Prevent this giddy hare-braind nuptiall. This trafficke of hot love shal yeeld cold gaines: They ban our loves, and weele forbid their baines. [*Exil. Lincolne.* At Saint Faithes Church thou saist? 145 *Firke.* Yes, by their troth.

Lincolne. Be secret, on thy life. [Exil.

Firke. Yes, when I kisse your wife! Ha, ha, heres no craft in the Gentle Craft. I came hither of purpose with shooes to Sir Rogers worship, whilst Rose, his daughter, be 150 coniecatcht by Hauns. Soft nowe; these two gulles will be at Saint Faithes Church to-morrow morning, to take master Bridegroome and mistris Bride napping, and they, in the meane time, shal chop vp the matter at the Sauoy. But the best sport is, Sir Roger Otly will find my felow lame Rafes 155 wife going to marry a gentleman, and then heele stop her insteade of his daughter. Oh braue! there wil be fine tickling sport. Soft now, what haue I to doe? Oh, I know; now a messe of shoomakers meate at the Wooll-Sack in Ivie lane, to cozen my gentleman of lame Rafes wife, thats true. 160

> Alacke, alacke! Girles, holde out tacke! For nowe smockes for this iumbling Shall goe to wracke.

Exit.

# ACT V.

## Scene I.

Enter Ayre, his WIFE, HAUNS, and ROSE.

*Eyre.* This is the morning, then; stay, my bully, my honest Hauns, is it not?

137. hey pasta BC; pindy pany BC. — 144. [Exeunt.] AB. — 146. Qy. read, by my troth. — 148. Yet DE. — 152. maste B, maister C. — 154. meane] nean E; at] of E. — 155. Otley CDE; fellow lame, Rafes wife Qq. — 161—164. Printed as prose in Qq., divided by Fr.

ACT V. SCENE I. [Scene 16. A room in Eyre's house.] Fr.

Hans. This is the morning that must make vs two happy or miserable; therefore, if you ---

*Eyre.* Away with these iffes and ands, Hauns, and these et caeteraes! By mine honor, Rowland Lacie, none but the king shall wrong thee. Come, feare nothing, am not I Sim Eyre? Is not Sim Eyre Lord Mayor of London? Feare nothing, Rose: let them al say what they can; dainty, come thou to me — laughest thou?

Wife. Good my Lord, stand her friend in what thing you may. Eyre. Why, my sweete Lady Madgy, thincke you Simon Eyre can forget his fine Dutch Iourneyman? No, vah! Fie, I scorne it, it shall neuer be cast in my teeth, that I was untankeful. Lady Madgy, thou hadst neuer coverd thy Saracens head with this french flappe, nor loaden thy bumme with this farthingale, tis trash, trumpery, vanity; Simon Eyre had neuer walkte in a redde peticoate, nor wore a chaine of golde, but for my fine journeymans portigues — And shall I leaue him? No! Prince am I none, yet beare a princely minde.

Hans. My Lorde, tis time for vs to part from hence.

 $E_{yre}$ . Lady Madgy, Lady Madgy, take two or three of my pie-crust-eaters, my buffe-ierkin varlets, that doe walke in blacke gownes at Simon Eyres heeles; take them, good Lady

- 25 Madgy; trippe and goe, my browne queene of perriwigs, with my delicate Rose and my iolly Rowland to the Sauoy; see them linckte, countenance the marriage; and when it is done, cling, cling together, you Hamborow Turtle-Doues. Ile beare you out, come to Simon Eyre; come, dwell with me, Hauns,
- 30 thou shalt eate mincde pies and marchpane. Rose, away, cricket; trippe and goe, my Lady Madgy, to the Sauoy; Hauns, wed, and to bed; kisse, and away! Go, vanish!

Wife. Farewel, my Lord.

Rose. Make haste, sweete loue.

 Wife.
 Sheede faine the deede were done.

 35
 Hauns. Come, my sweete Rose; faster than deere weele run.

 [They goe out.

6. ceteraes CDE. – 9. say all DE. – 12. Maggy DE. – 15. Maggy DE; hast E; covered CD. – 21. for vs om. DE. – 22. Lady Maggy, Lady Maggy DE. – 25. Maggy DE. – 28. Hanborow DE. – 31. Magy C, Maggy DE. – 35. [Exeunt.] CDE.

Eyre. Goe, vanish, vanish! Avaunt, I say! By the Lorde of Ludgate, its a madde life to be a Lorde Mayor; its a stirring life, a fine life, a veluet life, a carefull life. Well, Simon Evre, yet set a good face on it, in the honor of Sainct Hugh. Soft, the king this day comes to dine with me, to see 40 my new buildings; his maiesty is welcome, he shal have good cheere, delicate cheere, princely cheere. This day, my fellow prentises of London come to dine with me too, they shall haue fine cheere, gentlemanlike cheere. I promised the mad Cappadocians, when we all served at the Conduit together, 45 that if euer I came to be Mayor of London, I would feast them al, and Ile doot, Ile doot, by the life of Pharaoh; by this beard, Sim Eire wil be no flincher. Besides I haue procurd that vpon euery Shroue-Tuesday, at the sound of the pancake bell, my fine dapper Assyrian lads shall clap vp their 50 shop windows, and away. This is the day, and this day they shall doot, they shall doot.

> Boyes, that day are you free, let masters care, And prentises shall pray for Simon Eyre. [Exit.

## SCENE II.

# Enter HODGE, FIRKE, RAFE, and five or six shoomakers, all with cudgels or such weapons.

*Hodge.* Come, Rafe; stand to it, Firke. My masters, as we are the braue bloods of the shoomakers, heires apparant to Saint Hugh, and perpetuall benefactors to all good fellowes, thou shalt haue no wrong; were Hammon a king of spades, he should not delue in thy close without thy sufferaunce. 5 But tell me, Rafe, art thou sure tis thy wife?

*Rafe.* Am I sure this is Firke? This morning, when I strokte on her shooes, I lookte vpon her, and she vpon me, and sighed, askte me, if euer I knew one Rafe. Yes, sayde I. For his sake, saide she — teares standing in her eyes — 10 and for thou art somewhat like him, spend this peece of golde. I tooke it; my lame leg and my trauel beyond sea made me unknown. All is one for that: I know shees mine.

37. tis E. – 45. Cappidocians A. – 50. Assirian DE. – 53. maisters C. SCENE II. [Scene 17. A street near Saint Faith's Church.] Fr. Stage-dir. Frike D; Shoemaker C. – 11. for that thou DE. Firke. Did she giue thee this gold? O glorious glittering

- 15 gold! Shees thine owne, tis thy wife, and she loues thee; for Ile stand toot, theres no woman will give golde to any man, but she thinkes better of him, than she thinkes of them she gives silver to. And for Hamon, neither Hamon nor hangman shall wrong thee in London. Is not our olde
- 20 maister Eire Lord Mayor? Speake, my hearts. All. Yes, and Hamon shall know it to his cost.

## Enter HAMON, his MAN, IANE and others.

Hodge. Peace, my bullies; yonder they come.

Rafe. Stand toot, my heartes. Firke, let me speake first. Hodge. No, Rafe, let me. — Hammon, whither away so 25 earely?

Hammon. Vnmannerly, rude slaue, whats that to thee?

*Firke.* To him, Sir? Yes, sir, and to me, and others. Good morrow, Iane, how doost thou? Good Lord, how the world is changed with you! God be thanked!

30 Hammon. Villaines, handes off! Howe dare you touch my loue?

All. Villaines? Downe with them! Cry clubs for prentises!

Hodge. Hold, my hearts! Touch her, Hamon? Yea, and more than that: weele carry her away with vs. My
maisters and gentlemen, neuer draw your bird-spittes; shooe-makers are steele to the backe, men euery inch of them, al spirite.

All of Hammons side. Wel, and what of all this?

Hodge. Ile shew you. — Iane, dost thou know this man?40 Tis Rafe, I can tell thee; nay, tis he in faith, though he be lamde by the warres. Yet looke not strange, but run to him, fold him about the necke and kisse him.

*lane.* Liues then my husband? Oh God, let me go, Let me embrace my Rafe.

Hammon. What meanes my Iane?

45 Iane. Nay, what meant you, to tell me, he was slaine?

<sup>21.</sup> Stage-dir. and Iane CDE. - 31. prentizies E. - 38. Hamon side C. - 45. you] yon A.

63

Hammon. Pardon me, deare loue, for being misled. (To Rafe.) Twas rumourd here in London, thou wert dead. Firke. Thou seest he liues. Lasse, goe, packe home with him. Now, M. Hamon, wheres your mistris, your wife? Serv. Swounds, M., fight for her! Will you thus lose her? 50 All. Downe with that creature! Clubs! Downe with him! Hodge. Hold, hold! Hammon. Hold, foole! Sirs, he shal do no wrong. Wil my Iane leaue me thus, and breake her faith? Firke. Yea, sir! She must, sir! She shal, sir! What -55 then? Mend it! Hodge. Hearke, fellow Rafe, followe my counsel: set the wench in the midst, and let her chuse her man, and let her be his woman. Iane. Whom should I choose? Whom should my thoughts 60 affect But him whom heauen hath made to be my loue? Thou art my husband, and these humble weedes Makes thee more beautiful then all his wealth. Therefore, I wil but put off his attire, 65 Returning it into the owners hand, And after euer be thy constant wife. Hodge. Not a ragge, Iane! The law's on our side; he that sowes in another mans ground, forfets his haruest. Get thee home, Rafe; follow him, Iane; he shall not have so much as a buske - point from thee. 70 Firke, Stand to that, Rafe; the appurtenances are thine owne. Hammon, looke not at her! Serv. O, swounds, no! Firke. Blew coate, be quiet, weele giue you a new liuerie else; weele make Shroue Tuesday Saint Georges Day for you. 75 Looke not, Hammon, leare not! Ile firke you! For thy head now, one glance, one sheepes eie, any thing at her! Touch not a ragge, least I and my brethren beate you to clowtes. 46. Parden E; O pardon Fr., but pardon is to be pronounced as a trisyllable. - 47. (To Rafe) added by Fr. - 50. thus om. E. - 55. Ver C. Yes DE. - 63. Make DE. - 66. ever after DE. - 68. a other E. -

73. sounds E.

THE SHOEMAKERS HOLIDAY.

	Serv. Come, master Hammon, theres no striuing here.
80	Hammon. Good fellowes, heare me speake; and, honest Rafe,
	Whom I have iniured most by louing Iane,
	Marke what I offer thee: here in faire gold
	Is twentie pound, Ile giue it for thy Iane;
	If this content thee not, thou shalt have more.
85	Hodge. Sell not thy wife, Rafe; make her not a whore.
Ŭ	Hammon. Say, wilt thou freely cease thy claime in her,
	And let her be my wife?
	All. No, do not, Rafe.
	Rafe. Sirra, Hammon, Hammon, dost thou thinke, a shooe-
	maker is so base to be a bawde to his owne wife for com-
90	moditie? Take thy golde, choake with it! Were I not lame,
	I would make thee eate thy words.
	Firke. A shoomaker sell his flesh and bloud? Oh indignitie!
	Hodge. Sirra, take vp your pelfe, and be packing.
	Hammon. I wil not touch one pennie, but in liew
95	Of that great wrong I offered thy Iane,
	To Iane and thee I giue that twentie pound.
	Since I haue faild of her, during my life,
	I vow, no woman else shall be my wife.
	Farewell, good fellowes of the Gentle Trade:
100	Your morning mirth my mourning day hath made. [Excunt.
	Firke. (To the Serving-man.) Touch the gold, creature, if you
	dare! Y'are best be trudging. Here, Iane, take thou it. Now
	lets home, my hearts.
	Hodge. Stay! Who comes here? Iane, on againe with thy
105	maske!
	Enter LINCOLNE, LORD MAIOR and SERUANTS.
	Lincolne. Yonders the lying varlet mockt us so.
	L. Maior. Come hither, sirra!
	Firke. I, sir? I am sirra? You meane me, do you not?
	Lincolne. Where is my nephew married?
110	Firke. Is he married? God giue him ioy, I am glad of it.

They have a faire day, and the signe is in a good planet, Mars in Venus.

79. maister C. — 100. mornings mirth A; [Exit.] BCDE. — 101. (To the S.) add, by Edd. — 111. in om. E.

THE SHOEMAKERS HOLIDAY.

V, 2.]

65

L. Maior. Villaine, thou toldst me that my daughter Rose This morning should be married at Saint Faithes; We have watcht there these three houres at the least. 115 Yet see we no such thing. Firke. Truly, I am sorie for't; a bride's a prettie thing. Hodge. Come to the purpose. Yonder's the bride and bridegroome you looke for, I hope. Though you be Lordes, you are not to barre by your authoritie men from women; 120 are you? L. Maior. See, see, my daughters maskt. Lincolne. True, and my nephew, To hide his guilt, counterfeits him lame. Firke. Yea, truely; God helpe the poore couple, they are lame and blind. 125 L. Maior. Ile ease her blindnes. Ile his lamenes cure. Lincolne. Firke. Lie downe, sirs, and laugh! My felow Rafe is taken for Rowland Lacy, and Iane for mistris damaske Rose. This is al my knauery. L. Maior. What, haue I found you, minion? 130 Lincolne. O base wretch! Nay, hide thy face, the horror of thy guilt Can hardly be washt off. Where are thy powers? What battels haue you made? O yes, I see, Thou foughtst with Shame, and shame hath conquerd thee. This lamenesse wil not serue. 135 Unmaske your selfe. L. Maior. Lincolne. Leade home your daughter. L. Maior. Take your nephew hence. Rafe. Hence! Swounds, what meane you? Are you mad? I hope you cannot inforce my wife from me. Wheres Hamon? L. Maior. Your wife? Lincolne, What, Hammon? 140 Rafe. Yea, my wife; and, therefore, the proudest of you that laies hands on her first, Ile lay my crutch crosse his pate. Firke. To him, lame Rafe! Heres braue sport!

123. guilt now Fr. — 126. blindnesse D. — 138. enforce CDE. — 142. lays hand C.

 Rafe.
 Rose call you her? Why, her name is lane. Looke

 145 here else; do you know her now?
 [Unmasking lane.

 Lincolne.
 Is this your daughter?

 L. Maior.
 No, nor this your nephew.

My Lord of Lincolne, we are both abusde

By this base, craftie varlet.

- Firke. Yea, forsooth, no varlet; forsooth, no base; forsooth,
  150 I am but meane; no craftie neither, but of the Gentle Craft.
  L. Maior. Where is my daughter Rose? Where is my child?
  Lincolne. Where is my nephew Lacie married?
  Firke. Why, here is good lacde mutton, as I promist you.
  Lincolne. Villaine, Ile haue thee punisht for this wrong.
- 155 Firke. Punish the iornyman villaine, but not the iorneyman Shoomaker.

## Enter DODGER.

Dodger. My Lord, I come to bring vnwelcome newes. Your nephew Lacie and your daughter Rose

Earely this morning wedded at the Sauoy,

- 160 None being present but the Ladie Mairesse.
  Besides I learnt among the officers,
  The Lord Maior vowes to stand in their defence
  Gainst any that shal seeke to crosse the match.
  Lincolne. Dares Eyre the shoomaker vphold the deede?
- 165 Firke. Yes, sir, shoomakers dare stand in a womans quarrel,
   I warrant you, as deepe as another, and deeper too.
   Dodger. Besides, his Grace to day dines with the Maior;
   Who on his knees humbly intends to fall
   And beg a pardon for your nephewes fault.
- 170 Lincolne. But lle preuent him! Come, Sir Roger Oteley; The king wil doe us iustice in this cause. How ere their hands haue made them man and wife, I wil disioine the match, or loose my life. [Exeant. Firke. Adue, monsieur Dodger! Farewel, fooles! Ha,
- 175 ha! Oh, if they had staide, I would have so lambde them with floutes! O heart, my codpece-point is readie

145. Stage-dir. added by Fr. — 150. not crafty CDE. — 153. promise E. — 166. you om. CDE. — 170. Otley CDE. — 175. lambe B. to flie in peeces euerie time l thinke vpon mistris Rose; but let that passe, as my Ladie Mairesse saies.

*Hodge*. This matter is answerd. Come, Rafe; home with thy wife. Come, my fine shoomakers, lets to our masters, the new 180 Lord Maior, and there swagger this Shroue-Tuesday. Ile promise you wine enough, for Madge keepes the seller.

All. O rare! Madge is a good wench.

Firke. And Ile promise you meate enough, for simpring Susan keepes the larder. Ile leade you to victuals, my braue 185 souldiers; follow your captaine. O braue! Hearke, hearke! [Bell ringes.

All. The pancake-bell rings, the pancake-bel! Tri-lill, my hearts!

Firke. Oh braue! Oh sweete bell! O delicate pancakes! Open the doores, my hearts, and shut vp the windowes! keepe 190 in the house, let out the pancakes! Oh rare, my heartes! Lets march together for the honor of Saint Hugh to the great new hall in Gratious-streete-corner, which our maister, the newe Lord Maior, hath built.

Rafe. O the crew of good fellows that will dine at my 195 Lord Maiors cost to - day!

*Hodge.* By the Lord, my Lord Maior is a most braue man. How shal prentises be bound to pray for him and the honour of the gentlemen shoomakers! Lets feede and be fat with my Lordes bountye.

*Firke.* O musical bel, stil! O Hodge, O my brethren! Theres cheere for the heauens: venson-pasties walke vp and down piping hote, like sergeants; beefe and brewesse comes marching in drie-fattes; fritters and pancakes comes trowling in in wheele-barrowes; hennes and orenges hopping in porters 205 -baskets, colloppes and egges in scuttles, and tartes and custardes comes quauering in in mault-shouels.

185. Sue keeps E. — 187. pancake-ball B. — 190. door BCDE. — 197. The Lord Mayor is CDE. — 198. honor C. — 200. my Lord Mayor's bounty CDE. — 202. venison CDE; pastimes A. — 203. hot CDE. --204. come BCDE; in om. BCDE; drifattes DE. — 205. wheel-barrows '., barrowe B. — 206. settles B. — 207. in only once in BCDE.

67

200

5\*

### Enter more prentises.

All. Whoop, looke here, looke here!

Hodge, How now, madde laddes, whither away so fast?

210 First Prentise. Whither? Why, to the great new hall, know you not why? The Lorde Maior hath bidden all the prentises in London to breakfast this morning.

All. Oh braue shoomaker, oh braue lord of incomprehensible good-fellowship! Whoo! Hearke you! The pancake Cast up caps. 215 - bell rings.

Firke. Nay, more, my hearts! Euery Shrouetuesday is our yeere of jubile; and when the pancake-bel rings, we are as free as my Lord Maior; we may shut vp our shops, and make holiday. I'll haue it calld Saint Hughes Holiday.

All. Agreed, agreed! Saint Hughes Holiday. Hodge. And this shal continue for euer. All. Oh braue! Come, come, my hearts! Away, away! Firke. O eternall credite to vs of the Gentle Craft! March faire, my hearts! Oh rare! [Exeunt.

## SCENE III.

#### Enter KING and his Traine ouer the stage.

King. Is our Lord Major of London such a gallant? Nobleman. One of the merriest madcaps in your land. Your Grace wil thinke, when you behold the man, Hees rather a wilde ruffin than a Maior.

- 5 Yet thus much Ile ensure your maiestie In al his actions that concerne his state. He is as serious, prouident, and wise, As full of grauitie amongst the graue, As any Maior hath beene these many yeares.
- King. 1 am with child, til I behold this huffe-cap. IO But all my doubt is, when we come in presence, His madnesse wil be dasht cleane out of countenance.

<sup>208.</sup> look here only once in BCDE. - 209. whether BC. - 210. Whether BE. - 212. ooreakfast B.

SCENE III. [Scene 18. London. A street.] Fr. - Stage-dir, Enter the king CDE. - 4. ruffian DE. - 9. this DE.

 Nobleman.
 It may be so, my Liege.

 King.
 Which to preuent,

 Let some one giue him notice, tis our pleasure
 15

 That he put on his woonted merriment.
 15

 Set forward!
 [Exeunt.]

# SCENE IV.

## Enter Ayre, Hodge, FIRKE, RAFE, and other shoemakers, all with napkins on their shoulders.

*Eyre.* Come, my fine Hodge, my iolly gentlemen shoemakers; soft, where be these caniballes, these varlets, my officers? Let them al walke and waite vpon my brethren; for my meaning is, that none but shoomakers, none but the livery of my Company shall in their sattin hoodes waite uppon the 5 trencher of my Soueraigne.

Firke. O my Lord, it will be rare!

*Ayre.* No more, Firke; come, liuely! Let your fellowe -prentises want no cheere; let wine be plentiful as beere, and beere as water. Hang these penny-pinching fathers, that 10 cramme wealth in innocent lamb-skinnes. Rip, knaues, auaunt! Looke to my guests!

*Hodge.* My Lord, we are at our wits end for roome; those hundred tables wil not feast the fourth part of them.

*Ayre.* Then couer me those hundred tables againe, and 15 againe, til all my iolly prentises be feasted. Auoyde, Hodge! Runne, Rafe! Friske about, my nimble Firke! Carowse me fadome-healths to the honor of the shoomakers. Do they drink liuely, Hodge? Do they tickle it, Firke?

Firke. Tickle it? Some of them haue taken their licour 20 standing so long that they can stand no longer; but for meate, they would eate it, and they had it.

*Ayre.* Want they meate? Wheres this swag-belly, this greasie kitchinstuffe cooke? Call the varlet to me! Want meat?

14. him om. E.

SCENE IV. [Scene 19, A great hall.] Fr. — 17. nimbly C. — 18. of Shoemakers CDE. — 24. kitching stuffe C.

- 25 Firke, Hodge, lame Rafe, runne, my tall men, beleager the shambles, beggar all Eastcheape, serue me whole oxen in chargers, and let sheepe whine vpon the tables like pigges for want of good felowes to eate them. Want meate? Vanish, Firke! Auaunt, Hodge!
- 30 Hodge. Your Lordship mistakes my man Firke; he means, their bellies want meate, not the boords; for they have drunk so much, they can eate nothing.

### Enter HANS, ROSE, and WIFE.

Wife. Where is my Lord?

Ayre. How now, Lady Madgy?

35 *Wife.* The kings most excelent maiesty is new come; hee sends me for thy honor; one of his most worshipful peeres bade me tel thou must be mery, and so forth; but let that passe.

Eyre. Is my Soueraigne come? Vanish, my tall shoomakers,
40 my nimble brethren; looke to my guests, the prentises. Yet stay a little! How now, Hans? How lookes my little Rose?
Hans. Let me request you to remember me.

I know, your Honour easily may obtaine

Free pardon of the king for me and Rose,

45 And reconcile me to my vncles grace.

*Eyre.* Haue done, my good Hans, my honest iorneyman; looke cheerely! Ile fall vpon both my knees, till they be as hard as horne, but lle get thy pardon.

Wife. Good my Lord, haue a care what you speake to 50 his grace.

*Eyre.* Away, you Islington whitepot! hence, you hopperarse! you barly-pudding, ful of magots! you broyld carbonado! auaunt, auaunt, avoide, Mephistophilus! Shall Sim Eyre learne to speake of you, Ladie Madgie? Vanish, mother Miniuer-cap; vanish, goe, trip and goe; meddle with your

55 Miniuer-cap; vanish, goe, trip and goe; meddle with your partlets and your pishery-pasherie, your flewes and your

25. beleaguer CDE. — 26. begger CDE. — 27. charges E; table C. — 34. Maggy DE. — 43. honor C. — 44. of from DE. — 45. my from C. — 46. honost C. — 51. happerarse AB. — 53. Mephastophilus AB. — 54. learne leaue AB; speak CDE; Maggy DE. — 55. Minever C. — 56. platters CDE.

whirligigs; go, rub, out of mine alley! Sim Eyre knowes how to speake to a Pope, to Sultan Soliman, to Tamburlaine, and he were here; and shal I melt, shal I droope before my Soueraigne? No, come, my Ladie Madgie! Follow me, Hauns! 60 About your businesse, my frolicke free-booters! Firke, friske about, and about, and about, for the honour of mad Simon Eyre, Lord Maior of London.

Firke. Hey, for the honour of the shoomakers. [Exeunt.

## SCENE V.

# A long flourish, or two. Enter KING, NOBLES, EYRE, his WIFE, LACIE, ROSE. LACIE and ROSE kneele.

King. Well, Lacie, though the fact was verie foule Of your reuolting from our kingly loue And your owne duetie, yet we pardon you. Rise both, and, mistris Lacie, thanke my Lord Maior For your yong bridegroome here.

*Eyre.* So, my deere Liege, Sim Eyre and my brethren, the gentlemen shoomakers, shal set your sweete maiesties image cheeke by iowle by Saint Hugh for this honour you haue done poore Simon Eyre. I beseech your grace, pardon my rude behauiour; I am a handicraftsman, yet my heart is without craft; I would be sory at my soule, that my boldnesse should offend my king.

*King.* Nay, I pray thee, good Lord Maior, be even as mery As if thou wert among thy shoomakers;

It does me good to see thee in this humour.

*Eyrc.* Saist thou me so, my sweete Dioclesian? Then, hump! Prince am I none, yet am I princel<sup>®</sup> borne. By the Lord of Ludgate, my Liege, Ile be as merrie as a pie.

King. Tell me, infaith, mad Eyre, how old thou art.

*Eyre.* My liege, a verie boy, a stripling, a yonker; you 20 see not a white haire on my head, not a gray in this beard. Euerie haire, I assure thy maiestie, that stickes in this beard,

58. Somliman C, Solyman DE; Tamberlaine CDE. — 59. defore E. 60. Maggy DE. — 62. honor C. — 64. of Shoemakers CDE.

SCENE V. [Scene 20. An open yard before the hall.] Fr. — Stagedir, the King CDE, -8, jole CDE, -14, thy] the E. -21, nor a gray DE.

5

10

1.5

Sim Eyre values at the king of Babilons ransome, Tamar Chams beard was a rubbing brush toot: yet Ile shaue it off, and stuffe tennis-balls with it, to please my bully king.

King. But all this while I do not know your age.

*Eyre.* My liege, I am sixe and fiftie yeare olde, yet I can crie humpe! with a sound heart for the honour of Saint Hugh. Marke this olde wench, my king: I dauncde the shaking of the sheetes with her sixe and thirtie yeares agoe, and yet I

hope to get two or three yong Lorde Maiors, ere I die. I am lustie still, Sim Eyre still. Care and colde lodging brings white haires. My sweete Maiestie, let care vanish, cast it vppon thy Nobles, it will make thee looke alwayes young like Apollo, 35 and crye humpe! Prince am I none, yet am I princely borne.

*King.* Ha, ha!

Say, Cornewall, didst thou euer see his like? Nobleman. Not I, my Lorde.

Enter LINCOLNE and LORD MAJOR.

 King.
 Lincolne, what newes with you?

 Lincolne.
 My gracious Lord, haue care vnto your selfe,

 40
 For there are traytors here.

All. Traytors? Where? Who?

*Eyre.* Traitors in my house? God forbid! Where be my officers? Ile spend my soule, ere my king feele harme.

King. Where is the traytor, Lincolne?

Lincolne. Here he stands.

45 King. Cornewall, lay hold on Lacie! — Lincolne, speake, What canst thou lay vnto thy Nephewes charge?

Lincolne. This, my deere Liege: your Grace, to doe me Heapt on the head of this degenerous boy [honour, Desertlesse fauours; you made choise of him,

50 To be commander ouer powers in France. But he —

*King.* Good Lincolne, prythee, pawse a while! Euen in thine eies I reade what thou wouldst speake.

23. Tama A. — 31. yong om. CDE. — 36, 37. One line in Qq.; divided by Fr. — 45. hold] hands CDE.

72

25

I know how Lacie did neglect our loue, Ranne himselfe deepely, in the highest degree, Into vile treason -55 Is he not a traytor? Lincolne. King. Lincolne, he was; now have we pardned him. Twas not a base want of true valors fire, That held him out of France, but loues desire. Lincolne. I wil not beare his shame vpon my backe. King. Nor shalt thou, Lincolne; I forgiue you both. 60 Lincolne. Then, good my Liege, forbid the boy to wed One whose meane birth will much disgrace his bed. King. Are they not married? Lincolne. No, my Liege. We are. Both. King. Shall I diuorce them then? O be it farre, That any hand on earth should dare vntie 65 The sacred knot, knit by Gods maiestie; I would not for my crowne disjoyne their hands, That are conioynd in holy nuptiall bands. How saist thou, Lacy, wouldst thou loose thy Rose? Hans. Not for all Indians wealth, my soueraigne. 70 King. But Rose, I am sure, her Lacie would forgoe? Rose. If Rose were askt that question, sheed say no! King. You heare them, Lincolne? Lincolne. Yea, my Liege, I do. King. Yet canst thou find ith heart to part these two? Who seeks, besides you, to diuorce these louers? 75 L. Maior. I do, my gracious Lord, I am her father. King, Sir Roger Oteley, our last Maior, I thinke? Nobleman. The same, my Liege. Would you offend Loues lawes? King. Wel, you shal have your wills, you sue to me, To prohibite the match. Soft, let me see -80 You both are married, Lacie, art thou not? Hans. I am, dread Soueraigne.

53. knew E. — 71. I'm CDE. — 73. them] then BC. — 74. And CDE; in heart C; those E. — 77. Otley C. — 79. sued CDE. — 81. are thou C.

	King. Then, vpon thy life,
	I charge thee, not to call this woman wife.
	L. Maior. I thanke your grace.
	Rose. O my most gratious Lord!
	[Kneele.
85	King. Nay, Rose, neuer wooe me; I tel you true,
	Although as yet I am a batchellor,
	Yet I beleeue, I shal not marry you.
	Rose. Can you divide the body from the soule,
	Yet make the body liue?
	King. Yea, so profound?
90	I cannot, Rose, but you I must diuide.
	This faire maide, bridegroome, cannot be your bride.
	Are you pleasde, Lincolne? Oteley, are you pleasde?
	Both. Yes, my Lord.
	King. Then must my heart be easde;
	For, credit me, my conscience liues in paine,
95	Til these whom I diuorcde, be ioynd againe.
	Lacy, giue me thy hand; Rose, lend me thine!
	Be what you would be! Kisse now! So, thats fine.
	At night, louers, to bed! - Now, let me see,
	Which of you all mislikes this harmony.
100	L. Maior. Wil you then take from me my child perforce?
	King. Why, tell me, Oteley: shines not Lacies name
	As bright in the worldes eye as the gay beames
	Of any citizen.
	Lincolne. Yea, but, my gratious Lord,
	I do mislike the match farre more than he;
105	Her bloud is too too base.
	King. Lincolne, no more.
	Dost thou not know that loue respects no bloud,
	Cares not for difference of birth or state?
	The maid is yong, wel borne, faire, vertuous,
	A worthy bride for any gentleman.
110	Besides, your nephew for her sake did stoope
	To bare necessitie, and, as I heare,
	of Faire maide, this bridegroome Og. Corr by Fr - 02 Otley C.

- 93. Yes, my Lord, yes Fr.; Then] There E. - 101. Otley C.

V, 5.]

Forgetting honors and all courtly pleasures, To gaine her loue, became a shooemaker. As for the honor which he lost in France, Thus I redeeme it: Lacie, kneele thee downe! ---115 Arise, Sir Rowland Lacie! Tell me now, Tell me in earnest, Oteley, canst thou chide, Seeing thy Rose a ladie and a bryde? L. Maior. I am content with what your Grace hath done. Lincolne. And I, my Liege, since theres no remedie. 120 King. Come on, then, al shake hands: Ile haue you frends; Where there is much loue, all discord ends. What sayes my mad Lord Maior to all this loue? Eyre. O my liege, this honour you have done to my fine iourneyman here, Rowland Lacie, and all these fauours which 125 you have showne to me this daye in my poore house, will make Simon Eyre liue longer by one dozen of warme summers more then he should. King. Nay, my mad Lord Maior, that shall be thy name, If any grace of mine can length thy life, 130 One honour more Ile do thee: that new building, Which at thy cost in Cornehill is erected, Shall take a name from vs; weele haue it cald The Leadenhall, because in digging it You found the lead that couereth the same. 135 Eyre. I thanke your Maiestie. Wife, God blesse your Grace! King. Lincolne, a word with you! Enter HODGE, FIRKE, RAFE, and more shoomakers. Eyre. How now, my mad knaues? Peace, speake softly, yonder is the king. 140 King. With the olde troupe which there we keepe in pay, We wil incorporate a new supply. Before one summer more passe ore my head, France shal repent, England was injured. What are all those? 145

117. Otley C. — 122. so much Fr., but Where may be pronounced as a disyllable. — 123. this] his B. — 124. this] the DE. — 125. fauour C. — 131. honor C. — 138. Stage-dir. Rafe om. BCDE. — 145. are those CDE.

Hans. All shoomakers, my Liege, Sometimes my fellowes; in their companies

I liude as merry as an emperor.

King. My mad Lord Mayor, are all these shoomakers?

Eyre. All shooemakers, my Liege; all gentlemen of the 150 Gentle Craft, true Troians, couragious Cordwainers; they all kneele to the shrine of holy Saint Hugh.

All shoomakers. God saue your maisty!

King. Mad Simon, would they anything with vs?

Eyre. Mum, mad knaues! Not a word! Ile doot; I war-

155 rant you. They are all beggars, my Liege; all for themselues, and I for them all, on both my knees do intreate, that for the honor of poore Simon Eyre and the good of his brethren, these mad knaues, your Grace would vouchsafe some priulege to my new Leden-hall, that it may be

160 lawfull for vs to buy and sell leather there two dayes a weeke.

*King.* Mad Sim, I grant your suite, you shall have patent To hold two market-dayes in Leden-hall,

Mondayes and Fridayes, those shal be the times.

165 Will this content you?

All. Iesus blesse your Grace!

*Eyre.* In the name of these my poore brethren shoomakers, I most humbly thanke your Grace. But before I rise, seeing you are in the Giuing vaine and we in the Begging, graunt 170 Sim Eyre one boone more.

King. What is it, my Lord Maior?

 $E_{yre}$ . Vouchsafe to taste of a poore banquet that standes sweetely waiting for your sweete presence.

King. I shall vndo thee, Eyre, only with feasts;

175 Already haue I beene too troublesome;

Say, haue I not?

Eyre. O my deere king, Sim Eyre was taken vnawares

146. company E. — 150. Troyans CDE. — 152. All. God saue your maisty, all shoomaker AB; Majesty DE. — 155. beggers CDE. — 156. intreat CD. — 159. priviledge C. — 161. in a week CDE. — 162. patten B. — 163. Leaden-Hall CDE. — 169. veine CDE. — 172. that's sweetly waiting BCDE. — 174. feasts] this BCDE. — 177. O my dear (deare DE) king, Sim Eyre cannot think (thinke C, say DE) so; BCDE. vpon a day of shrouing, which I promist long ago to the prentises of London. For, and't please your Highnes, in time past, 180 I bare the water-tankerd, and my coate Sits not a whit the worse vpon my backe; And then, vpon a morning, some mad boves, It was Shrouetuesday, eeune as tis now, Gaue me my breakfast, and I swore then by the stopple of 185 my tankerd, if euer I came to be Lord Maior of London, I would feast all the prentises. This day, my Liege, I did it, and the slaues had an hundred tables five times covered; they are gone home and vanisht; Yet adde more honour to the Gentle Trade, 100 Taste of Eyres banquet, Simon's happie made. King. Eyre, I wil taste of thy banquet, and wil say, I haue not met more pleasure on a day. Friends of the Gentle Craft, thankes to you al, Thankes, my kind Ladie Mairesse, for our cheere. -195 Come, Lordes, a while lets reuel it at home! When all our sports and banquetings are done, Warres must right wrongs which Frenchmen haue begun. Exeunt.

178 seqq. upon a day of shroving which I promis'd (promist CDE) to all the merry prentices (prentises DE) of London; for and't (an't CDE) please you, when I was prentice (prentise DE) I bare etc. BCDE. Probably, the whole speech of Eyre was originally written in verse. -187. all om. CDE. -190. honour] glory CDE. -190, 191. Printed as prose in AB. -192. Eyre om. CDE. -197. sportes] words BCDE; banquettings C; sports and om. E. -198. Warres] We BCDE; [Exeunt.] om. CDE.

## THE END.

# NOTES.

Pag. 1. The art of shoemaking has been dignified with the title of 'the Gentle Craft', probably because the popular saints of the shoemakers, S. Crispin and S. Crispianus, are said to have been of noble birth, and even of royal blood.

Pag. 2. Roger, Eyre's journeyman, is in the course of the play sometimes called Hodge, the latter being a diminutive form of Roger; cp. Butler's Hudibras, Part II, Canto III, where Old Roger Bacon is called Old Hodge Bacon. Mr. Fritsche, therefore, is mistaken in supposing Roger and Hodge to be different persons. Nor does it appear from the play that Lovell is nephew to the Earl of Lincoln, as Mr. Fritsche describes him.

Pag. 3. 2 seqq. The somewhat irregular construction of the passage seems to be: a Comedie, acted before the Queenes Maiestie, (and) graciously accepted by her Highnesse for the mirth and pleasant matter. We have therefore thought it necessary to write Maiestie, for instead of Maiestie. For (Qq. and Edd.).

ib. 17. Three-mens-song, a song or catch for three voices; cp. Three-man-song-men Shak. Wint. IV. 3. 45. A six-mens-song is alluded to in Percy's Reliques, vol. II, p. 20 (Ed. Tauchnitz).

Pag. 4. 2. Saint Hugh. Sir Hugh, the son of a king of Britain, had, according to legend, become a shoemaker. In the time of Diocletian he was prosecuted for his faith, and finally put to death. While he was in prison, the journeymen-shoemakers were constant in their attentions to him, so that he wanted for nothing. In requital of their kindness, he bequeathed his bones to them, having nothing else to leave them. The shoemakers, consequently, stole the skeleton from the gibbet, and in order to turn the bones into profit and to avoid suspicion, they made them into tools (S. Hugh's bones). See the interesting little book: Delightful history of the Gentle Craft by Sam. S. Campion. Northampton, 1876. Pag. 5. 8. dozene it i. e. sing the burden of the song dozen-a -dozen  $\mathcal{S}^{c}$ .

12. *Ring compasse gentle joy* Qq. and Edd. Perhaps: Spectators, embrace gentle joy, i. e. be merry and cheerful.

#### ACT I.

1, 27. *imbezeld. To embezzle*, spelled also *imbecile*, to waste, to dissipate in extravagance. Cp. Dryden, Persius' Sat.:

When thou hast embezzled all thy store, Wher's all thy father left?

1, 54. Deepe, i. e. Dieppe.

1, 59. Tuttle-fields, i. e. Tothill-fields.

1, 77. painted, decked with artificial colours, false.

1, 88. of France. The conjecture, proposed in the Athenaeum No. 1837 (Ian. 10, 1863), to read *fame* for *France*, seems not to be called for.

1, 90. *Portugues*, a gold coin worth about three pounds twelve shillings. See Ben Ionson, Alchemist, I. 1; ed. Cunningham, vol. II, p. 17 b.

1, 125. pishery-pasherie. Cp. the similar expressions bibble -babble, gibble-gabble, prittle-prattle, twiddle-twaddle, all meaning nonsensical talk.

ib. of the best presence. Cp. Shak. Per. I. 1. 9 is't not a goodly presence (German: Erscheinung).

1, 129. with the mealy mouth. mealy, soft as covered with meal; a mealy mouth, a voluble tongue.

1, 138. cormorant. Quibble with colonel.

1, 146. occupied. For the indecent meaning of the word, cp. Shak. 2 H. IV., II. 4. 160 seqq: 'These villains will make the word [i. e. captain] as odious as the word 'occupy', which was an excellent good word, before it was ill sorted.'

1, 161. *your pols and your edipolls.* We regret to have to state that we have not been able to find out the exact meaning of this expression.

1, 162. *Midaffe*, either a corrupt spelling for *midwife*, term of contempt for a woman, or the same as *midriffe*, s. l. 137.

ib. Cisly Bumtrincket, a ludicrous denomination of a woman. It occurs again, used of a maid-servant II. 3. 36. Cp., besides, III. 4. 36 I must enlarge my bumme.

1, 165. Too soone, my fine Firk, too soone! Perhaps: Again you interrrupt me too soon!

1, 170. *Termagant* 'an imaginary God of the Mahometans, represented as a most violent character in old Miracle-plays and Moralities.' Schmidt, Shakespeare - Lexicon, s. v.

Act I.]

I, 171. by the Lord of Ludgate. Qy.: Did the hangman live at Ludgate?

I, 181. The common contempt and ill treatment which soldiers meet with, shall not affect him.

1, 188. weake vessels, i. e. women, as often in Shakespeare.

1, 210. Cp. Shak. Cor. I. 5. 5, 6 that do prize their hours At a crack'd drachm.

ib. *mustard tokens*, litt. spots on the body, as yellow as mustard and denoting the infection of the plague. Cp. the use of the German *Pestbeule*.

#### ACT II.

1, 5. coronet i. e. garland.

I, 18. Lady of the Haruest, cp. First Three-mans Song, l. 4 Sweete Peg, thou shalt be my Summers Queene.

I, 26. out of cry i. e. so that it cannot be called, out of estimation, wondrous.

1, 32. mary gup. Perhaps corrupted from Marry, come up, s. Shak. Rom. II. 5. 64, Per. IV. 6. 159, or a senseless exclamation, like mary foh.

1, 40. Qy .: in thy gaskins?

1, 43. go by, Ieronimo, go by! A phrase, taken from Kyd's Spanish Tragedy (Not I Hieronimo, beware, go by, go by!) and used as a sort of  $\xi \pi \sigma_{\mathcal{G}} \pi \tau \epsilon \rho \delta \epsilon r$  by Elizabethan writers. Cp. Shak. Shr. Ind. 1. 8 Go by, Saint Ieronimo, and Webster and Dekker, Westward Hoe: she's like a play; if new, very good company; but if stale, like old Jeronimo, go by, go by!

1, 44 seqq. Cp. Middleton's Works, ed. Dyce, vol. II, p. 78: Some foolish words she hath passed to you in the country, and some peevish debts you ove here in the city; set the hard's head to the goose-giblet, release you her of her words, and I'll release you of your debts, sir.'

1, 51. goe snicke up, i. e. go and be hanged. Nares felt inclined to derive the word from 'his neck up'; more probably snick only conveys the idea of quick motion; cp. L. Germ. schnicken to move quickly, and s. Weigand II, 612. Generally, the phrase is go snicke up; but cp. Shak. Tw. II. 3. 101: We did keep time, sir, in our calches. Sneck up. See the ed. of W. A. Wright (Clar. Press Series), note ad loc., p. 112.

3, 4. powder-beefe-queane, a woman who sells powdered or salted beef, cp. l. 18 source-wife.

3, 10. speake bandog and bedlam, you are as loud as a fierce bandog, or as a lunatic.

3, 18. source-wife, a woman whose business it was to clean and pickle pigs' faces.

3, 42 seqq. 'There was a boor from Gelderland, — Merry they are; — He was as drunken he could not stand, — Drunken (?) they are. — Fill the can, — Drink, fair man.' The puzzling *upsolee* (l. 45) is perhaps the same as *upsee Dutch*, i. e. intoxicated (s. Nares s. v.). Hoffmann von Fallersleben emends the lines in this way:

> Daer was een boer van Gelderlant, Vrolijkeit si bi hem! Hi was dronken, hi en cost niet staen, Absolutie si bi hem! Tap eens het canneken, Drink schone manneken!

(S. Elze, Die Engl. Sprache und Literatur in Deutschland, p. 18).

ib. bombast-cotten-candle-queane. Though we may understand compositions as bombast-queane, or cotten-queane, yet we are quite at a loss as to candle-queane, unless we are allowed to suppose candle to be another spelling for kendal (= Kendal-greene).

3, 50. *vplandish*, prop. belonging to the uplands, rustic; stranger.

3, 55 seqq. Mrs. Eyre's words have of course an ironical sense.

3, 57. *butter-boxe*, term of contempt for a Dutchman; s. III. 1. 146 seq.; it occurs again IV. 5. 44.

3, 66 seq. Servants, journeymen &c. were generally hired at St. Paul's; cp. Shak. 2 H. IV., I. 2. 58: I bought him in Paul's, and he'll buy me a horse in Smithfield.

3, 73. gallimafrie, 'a hash of various kinds of meat' Webster.

3, 76. 'Good day, master, and your wife also.'

3, 80. 'Yes, yes, I am a shoemaker.'

3, 82. S. Hugh's bones are enumerated in the following lines, quoted by Campion, l. c., p. 35:

My friends, I pray you listen to me, And mark what S. Hugh's Bones shall be. First a Drawer and a Dresser, Two Wedges, a more and a lesser: A pretty Block three Inches high, In fashion squared like a Die, Which shall be call'd by proper Name A Heel-Block, ah, the very same: A Hand-leather and Thumb-leather likewise, To pull out Shoochtread, we must devise;

#### NOTES.

The Needle and the Thimble shall not be left alone, The Pincers, the Pricking - Awl, and Rubbing - stone; The Awl, Steel and Tacks, the sorving Hairs beside, The Stirrop holding fast, while we sow the Cow-hide, The Whetstone, the Stopping - Stick, and the Paring - Knife, All this doth belong to a Iourney - man's Life: Our Apron is the Shrine to wrap these Bones in; Thus shroud we S. Hugh's Bones in a gentle Lamb's Skin.

3, 86. 'Yes, yes, be not afraid. I have all the things, to make shoes, great and small.'

3, 93. 'I do not know what you say; I do not understand you.'

3, 96. 'Yes, yes, I can well do so.'

3, 106. trullibub = trollop, a slattern, a slut.

3, 113. an heele-block, often mentioned among S. Hugh's bones, s. ad l. 82. Perhaps the block of wood on which the shoe was laid to hammer on the heel.

3, 114. 'Oh, I understand you; I must pay half a dozen cans; here, boy, take this shilling, tap once freely.'

3, 118. my last of the fives. Perhaps a particular term of the play, called the fives (?).

3, 125. Clapper-dudgeon. Nares: 'A cant term for a beggar. Probably derived from the custom of clapping a dish.' [Clapdish 'a wooden dish carried by beggars, with a movable cover, which they clapped and clattered to show that it was empty.'] Sim Eyre calls his wife so for 'her mealy mouth that will never tire'.

3, 127. cunger, conger  $(\gamma \dot{\rho} \gamma \rho o \varsigma) = \text{sea-eel.}$ 

4, 6, *take soile*, a hunting term, prop. to resort to a marshy place (Fr. *souille*); thence, to take refuge anywhere.

4, 7. embost, panting and foaming from exertion. Cp. Shak. Shr. Ind. I. 17 the poor cur is embossed; Ant. IV. 13. 3 the boar of Thessaly was never so embossed; Milton, Sams. Ag. 1699 As a dismayed deer in chase embost.

5, 2. Upon some no and Upon some I (perhaps better printed Upon some, no and Upon some, I) seem to have been modish expressions of assertion, formed after upon my word, upon my honour etc.

### ACT III.

I, I seqq. 'I shall tell you what, Hans; this ship that has come from Candia, is all full, by God's sacrament, of sugar, civet, almonds, cambric, and all things, a thousand thousand things. Take it, Hans, take it for your master. There are the bills of lading. Your master Simon Eyre shall have good buying. What do you say, Hans?"

I, 9 seqq. 'My dear brother Firk, bring master Eyre to the Swan; there you will find this shipper and me. What do you say, brother Firk? Do it, Hodge. Come, shipper.' There were at that time two inns called the Swan in London, the one at Dowgate, the other in Old-Fish-Street. Cp. Drake, II, p. 133.

1, 25. like S. Mary Overies bels. 'East from the Bishop of Winchesters house, directly ouer-against it, stands a fair church called St. Mary over the Rie, or Overie, that is, over the water.' Stow's Survey of London (ed. William I. Thoms, London 1876), p. 151.

I, 29. Sauce == sauciness, Halliwell, Dict.

I, 47. 'The odd saying "a shoemaker's son is a prince born" may be held to be verified by the birth of a son to the legendary Prince Crispin and the Princess Ursula.' Delightful History, I. c., p. 32.

1, 53. a vennentorie = an inventory.

1, 61. Finsbury. 'A manor, north of Moorfields, famous for the exercise of archers. B. Ionson, Bartholomew-Fair: Nay, sir, stand not you fix'd here, like a stake in Finsbury, to be shot at.' Nares.

1, 66. *Tonnikin*, a female Christian name, which sometimes occurs; cp. History of Tannakin Shinker (Lowndes, ed. Bohn, p. 2383, s. v. Shinker). Perhaps a diminutive form of Anne.

1, 67. *Eastcheape*. 'Little East Cheape, chiefely inhabited by basket-makers, turners, and butchers.' Stow, l. c., p. 79.

I, 81. No more, Madge, no more. Mrs. Eyre, hearing her husband ask for the odd ten, must be supposed to frown and look angry again. Fearing lest she should pour out again the phials of her wrath, Eyre tries to calm her by saying: No more, Madge, no more.

1, 104. Skellum Skanderbag. Skellum, Germ. Schelm, a scoundrel. Skanderbag or rather Scander Beg (i. e. Lord Alexander) is the name given by the Turks to Iohn Kastriota, the Albanian hero. Descending from the ancient kings of Albania, Scanderbeg freed his country from the yoke of the Turks, whose terror he was during a space of twenty-three years (1443—1467). The Turks deterred his bones, dealt them, and kept them as amulets. Cp. Childe Harold's Pilgrimage II. 38. I (ed. Darmesteter, p. 90).

I, 105. Firk means a ship from Cyprus and Candy and laden with silk and sugar.

1, 112. beaten damaske. Cp. beaten silk Marlowe, Dr. Faustus sc. IV, l. 17. What means the epithet beaten?

1, 113. Firk, assisting Sim Eyre in putting on the cassock and gown (l. 109), handles the clothes a little too roughly, and is checked by his master with the words: Soft, Firk; take care that you do not rear the nap of the cloth, and that you do not make my garments look threadbare.

1, 117. give you the wal, i. e. give you precedence. Cp. Shak. Rom. I. 1. 15 I will take the wall of any man or maid.

1, 129 seqq. 'Good day, master. This is the shipper that has the ship of merchandize; the commodity is good; take it, master, take it.'

1, 134 seqq. 'The skip is on the river; there are sugar, civet, almonds, cambric, and a thousand thousand things, by God's sacrament; take it, master: you shall have good buying? *reacre*, Dutch *revier*, French *river*.

1, 142. 'Yes, yes, I have drunk much.'

2, 9. Qy: but no man?

3, 24. to fond my love on, i. e. to dote on. Cp. Shak. Tw. II. 2. 35 And I, poor monster, fond as much on him.

3, 56. mammet, or maxemet, from Mahomet, a puppet.

4, 9. Mrs. Eyre, of course, means to say the contrary.

4, 23. 'I thank you, mistress.'

4, 28. *backe-friend*, lit. a friend who stands at one's back, so that in case of need he does not act as a friend; thence, a false friend.

4, 29. 'Yes, I shall, mistress.'

4, 32. The corked shooes were high-heeled and continued in fashion amongst the ladies the greater part of the seventeenth century. Del. Hist., p. 57.

4, 39. Roger compares the flaps of the hood to the boards of a pillory. [*pillory*, 'a frame of wood erected on posts, with movable boards and holes, through which the head and hands of a criminal were formerly put to punish him.' Webster, s. v.].

4, 48. a maske. Cp. Shak. Gentl. IV. 4. 157-159:

But since she did neglect her looking-glass, And threw her sun-expelling mask away, The air hath starv'd the roses in her cheeks.

4, 54. 'I am merry; may you be so' (lasst euch so sein).

4, 89. ka me, ka thee, a proverbial phrase, the origin of which is not quite clear. 'Ka me, ka thee, one good turne asketh another.' Heywood's Poems (qu. by Nares). Cp. Claw me and He claw thee.

4, 115. smugge up, to render spruce, trim.

4, 125. 'Yes, my master is the great man, the sheriff.'

#### NOTES.

4, 132. I smel the Rose. 'The three-farthing silver-pieces of Queen Elizabeth had the profile of the sovereign with a rose at the back of her head.' Dyce, note to King Iohn I. 143.

4, 139. 'See, my dear brother, here comes my master.'

4, 143. The flaps of the French hood are compared to a shoulder of mutton; cp. l. 39.

1, 148. for twentie, i. e. for the twenty Portuguese you lent me.
 18. hunnie, honey is used as a fond compellation also by Shak. Oth., II. 1. 206.

5, 21. *Ha*, *ha*, *ha* may either be what Prof. Elze calls a 'prosodical triplet,' i. e. three syllables spoken in the time of two (S. Kölbing, Engl. Studien IX. 267, 1885), or may be considered as the expression of a burst of laughter and stand for one syllable.

5, 27, 28. Better printed as prose; cp. IV. 5. 34, 35.

5, 65. 'I thank you, good maid.' *frister*, lit. a maid who is to be engaged *(Freierin)*; maid.

5, 75. *tickle il.* The same expression occurs IV. 2. 7; and cp. Shak. Troil., V. 2. 177.

#### ACT IV.

I, 69. 'I believe you behave yourself constant.'

2, 11-13. 'Forward, Firke, thou art a jolly youngster. Hark, ay, master, I pray you, cut me a pair of vampres for Master leffrey's boots.'

2, 12. vampres, usually vamps, upper-leather of a shoe. As the word is derived from Fr. avant-pied, it seems not to be necessary to introduce, as Mr. Fritsche does, vamps into the text.

2, 18. counterfeits 1) vamps; 2) false coin.

2, 57. 'What do you want (was begehrt ihr), what do you wish, frister?'

2, 60. 'Where is your noble lady, where is your mistress?'

2, 65. I have a tricke in my budget, i. e. I have a trick in petto, I intend to play a trick.

2, 67. 'Yes, yes, I shall go with you.'

2, 68. make haste again, cp. haste you again, Shak. All's. II. 2. 74.

3, 31. At Saint Faiths Church, under Paules. 'At the west end of this lesus chapel, under the choir of Paules, also was a parish church of St. Faith, commonly called St. Faith under Paul's, which served for the stationers and others dwelling in Paule's churchyard, Paternoster road, and the places near adjoining.' Stow, l. c., p. 123.

3, 70. Cripple-gates. 'Cripplegate, a place, saith mine author (Iohn Lidgate), so called of cripples begging there: at which gate, it was said, the body (of King Edmond the Martyr) entering, miracles were wrought, as some of the lame to go upright, praising God.' Stow, p. 13.

3, 72. Cp. Shak. Merch. II. 9. 83: Hanging and wiving goes by destiny.

4, 30, 31. 'Indeed, mistress, 'tis a good shoe; it shall well do it, or you shall not pay.' As to do it cp. Shak. Lr. IV. 6. 90: this piece of toasted cheese will do't.

4, 36, 37. 'Yes, yes, l know that well; indeed, it is a good shoe, 'tis made of neat's leather; look here (?), sir.'

5, 8. Constr.: [had] drawn [him] to it.

5, 47. honnikin. Cp. poor honey, stupid fellow, simpleton.

5, 70. Sit your worship merie. Cp. Rest you merry, Shak. Rom. I. 2. 65, 86.

5, 84. The same expression occurs V. 5. 29.

5, 85. *digger*, lit. one who digs, i. e. one who sounds (or 'pumps') another person.

5, 96. The words in a new paire of stretchers must be supposed to be spoken aside. stretcher, an outstretching of the truth, a lie.

5, 106. *Pilchers have ears.* The same proverbial phrase occurs in Shak. Shr. IV. 4. 52; R. III., II. 4. 37.

5, 110. firkin, a measure, the fourth part of a barrel.

5. 113. 'London Stone, now cased and preserved in the wall of St. Swithin's Church, Cannon Street, to which it was removed from the opposite side of the way, was the centre from which the great roads radiated (i. e. the great military roads of the Romans)' G. R. Emerson: London, How the Great City Grew, London 1862, p. 9. 9862.

ib. Pissing-Conduit. 'A small conduit near the Royal Exchange, so called in contempt, or jocularity, from its running with a small stream.' Nares. Cp. The Pissing-conduit run nothing but claret wine-Shak. 2 H. VI., IV. 6. 3.

5, 122. *incony*, which occurs in Shak. L. L. III. 136 and IV. 1. 144, is explained by Nares = sweet, pretty, delicate. Here it seems to be = happy.

5, 137. They meane to fall to their hey-passe and repasse. You must also have your words of art, certaine strange wordes, that it may not only breed the more admiration to the people, but lead away the eye from espying ner of your conveyance, while you may induce the mind to conceive, and suppose that you deale with Spirits: and such kind of sentences, and od speeches, are used in divers manners fitting and correspondent to the action and feat that you go about. As Hey Fortuna, Furia, numquam, Credo, passe

passe, when come you, Sirrah? or this way hey lack, come aloft for thy maisters aduantage, passe and be gone, or otherwise, as Alif, Casil: zaze, Hit, metmeltal, Saturnus, Iupiter, Mars, Sol, Venus, Mercury, Luna? or thus Drocti, Micoeti, et Senarocti, Velu barocti, Asmarocti, Ronnsce, Faronnsce, hey passe passe: many such obseruations to this art are necessary, without which all the rest are little to the purpose? The Art of lugling or Legerdemain. By S. R. London, Printed by George Eld, 1614, p. 10. For more instances see Marlowe's Dr. Faustus, ed. Ward, note to sc. XI, 1.58.

5, 153. *napping*, i. e. kidnapping; cp. *to knab*, to lay hold of, or apprehend.

5, 161 seqq. In German: 'Ach, ach — Jetzt, ihr Mädchen, haltet Stand! — Denn jetzt werden in diesem Durcheinander — Hemden (i. e. Mädchen) in die Brüche gehen.'

#### ACT V.

1, 5. Away with these iffes and ands, Hans. Cf. The Spanish Tragedy (London 1618), Act II (Dodsley, Old Plays, ed. Hazlitt, vol. V, p. 40):

PEDRINGANO. If Madame Belimperia be in love — LORENZO. What, villaine, ifs and ands?

PEDRINGANO. Oh, stay, my Lord! she loves Horatio.

I, 13. vah, a term used in music, = go on, continue, lt. va, Fr. va.

1, 23. pie-crust eater, cp. beef-eater (for buffetier).

1, 45. *the mad Cappadocians*. St. George, the patron of England, is said to have been from Cappadocia.

ib. Conduit. Nares, s. v. Tankard-bearer: 'While London was imperfectly supplied with water, this very necessary office (of fetching water from the conduits or pumps in the streets) was performed by menial servants, or water-bearers; and in the families of tradesmen, by their apprentices... These tankard-bearers, often assembling at the conduit in considerable numbers, were obliged to wait patiently each for his turn to draw the water.'

2, 4. a king of spades, roi de piques.

2, 31. Cry clubs for prentises. 'In any public affray, the cry was Clubs, clubs! by way of calling forth persons (particularly the London 'prentices) with clubs to part the combatants' [or to assist one party]. Nares.

2, 71. *appurtenances*, a law-term, that which belongs to something else; here the clothes and trinkets of lane.

2, 74. Perhaps the 'blue-coats' were presented with new liveries on S. George's day. Cp. Nares s. v. S. George.

2, 93. pelfe, i. e. rubbish, money.

2, 153. *lacde mutton*. This passage corroborates Al. Schmidt's opinion (Shakespeare-Lexicon, s. v.), that *laced mutton* is not a cant term for prostitute, but only = woman's flesh, a petiticoat, a smock.

2, 175. *lambde. to lamb* apparently means to treat somebody as a sheep, as a simpleton.

2, 187. 'Shrove-Tuesday, at whose entrance in the morning all the whole kingdom is unquiet, but by that time the clocke strikes eleven, which (by the help of a knavish sexton) is commonly before nine, then there is a bell rung, cal'd pancake-bell, the sound whereof makes thousands of people distracted, and forgetful either of manners or humanitie.' Iohn Taylor, quoted by Drake, Shakespeare and his Times, I, 151 seqq. — The Monday, preceding Shrove-Tuesday, was called Collop-Monday, from *cellop* (I. 206), a piece of salted and dried meat.

3, 10. I am with child, i. e. I am anxious, impatient.

1, 26. Eastcheape. See note to III. 1. 67.

4, 51. *whilepot* 'a kind of food made of milk, cream, eggs and sugar, baked in a pot' Webster.

4, 55. Miniver, ermine, the fur of the ermine.

4, 56. partlets, bands or collars for the neck; your flowes and your whirligigs, ludicrous allusion to Mrs. Eyre's loquacity.

4, 57. rub, that which hinders motion or progress, obstacle.

4, 58. *Sultan Soliman*. An allusion to Kyd's Soliman and Perseda, published in 1599. Marlowe's Tamburlaine was published in 1590.

5, 85. zeooe, 1) to solicit, 2) to court.

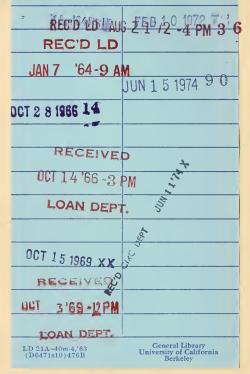
5, 134. Leadenhall. According to Stow, 'Leadenhall belonged in 1309 to Sir Hugh Nevill; in the year 1408, Robert Rikeden, of Essex, and Margaret, his Wife, confirmed to Richard Whittington, and other citizens of London, the said manor of Leadenhall. And in the year 1411, the said Whittington and other confirmed the same to the mayor and commonalty of London, whereby it came to the possession of the city. Then in the year 1443, the 21 st of Henry VI., John Hatherley, mayor, purchased licence of the said king to take up two hundred fother of lead, for the building of water conduits, a common granary, and the cross in West Cheape, more richly, for the honour of the city. In the year next following, the parson and parish of St. Dunston, in the east of London, seeing the famous and mighty man (for the words be in the grant, cum nobilis et potens vir,) Simon Eyre, citizen of London, among other his works of piety, effectually determined to erect and build a certain granary upon the soil of the same city at Leadenhall, of his own charges, for the common utility of the said city, to the amplifying and enlarging of the said granary, granted to Henry Frowike, then mayor, the aldermen and commonalty, and their successors for ever, all their tenements, with the appurtenances, sometime called the Horsemill, in Grasse street, for the annual rent of four pounds. Also certain evidences of an alley and tenements pertaining to the Horsemill adjoining to the said Leadenhall in Grasse street, given by William Kingstone, fishmonger, unto the parish church of St. Peter upon Cornehill, do specify the said granary to be built by the said honourable and famous merchant, Simon Eyre, sometime an upholsterer, and then a draper, in the year 1519. He built it of squared stone, in form as now it showeth, with a fair and large chapel in the east side of the quadrant, oyer the porch of which he caused to be written, *Dextra Domini exallavit me*.' Cp., besides, the passages referring to Simon Eyre's life in our Introduction.

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